



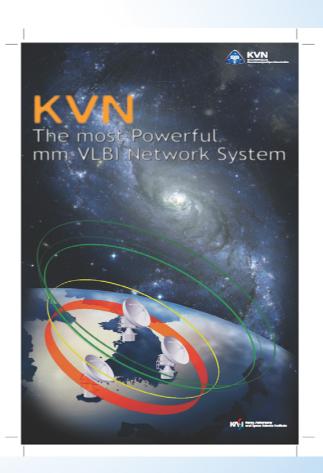
Current Status of Korean VLBI Network

Se-Hyung Cho and KVN Team

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Characteristics of Korean VLBI Network



National Facility dedicated to exclusive mm-VLBI (KVN 21 m x 3 + TRAO 14 m)

- Simultaneous multi-frequency observation from 22GHz up to 129GHz
- Multi-frequency phase-referencing and fast-switching phase-referencing capabilities
 → Faint sources, weak lines at mm wavelengths
- Compact network with a few hundred km baselines

KVN Schedule



Observatory Building

KVN Ulsan, Yonsei, Tamna obs. building was completed

■ Antenna Installation

- First antenna at Ulsan observatory
- Installation and panel adjustment was completed in Sep. 2007 (total rms of main reflector ~ 58 μm)
- Test observation of 100 GHz band for acceptance as a single dish: Dec. 10—Dec. 21, 2007
- Second antenna at Yonsei observatory
 - Panel adjustment and test observation for acceptance will be completed within Feb. 2008
- Third antenna at Tamna observatory
 - Installation and acceptance will be completed within March 2008



KVN Schedule



■ Receiver Development and Installation

- One set of 22, 43 GHz band receiver at the 1st stage will be developed and installed within Dec. 2007 and two sets of 22, 43 GHz band receiver will be developed and installed within the latter half of 2008
- 86, 129 GHz band receivers at the 2nd stage
 - Under design work in 2007
 - Development and installation will be completed until 2010

■ Correlator Development and Installation

- Contract for manufacturing in Aug. 2007, Korea-Japan working group and review committee are in activity since 2006
- Assemble whole correlator system and start of experimental operation in 2009
- Practical use for KVN and K-J joint VLBI network in 2010

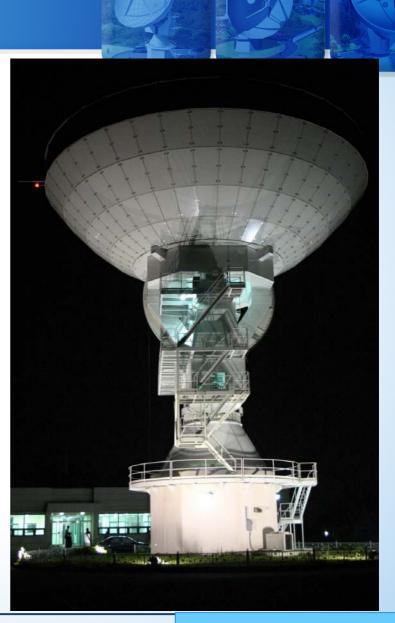


KVN Ulsan

Panel adjustment by Photogrammetric method

- → total rms of 21m reflector :
 - ~ 58 μm (Sept. 3, 2007)





KVN Yonsei





June 2007



Aug. 2007



Oct. 28, 2007



KVN Tamna





May 2007



Sept. 2007



Nov. 2007

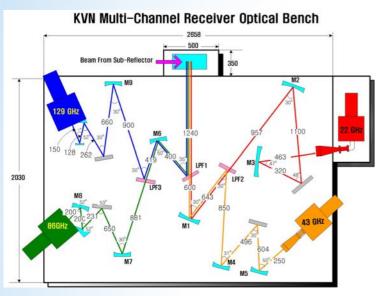


Bird's - eye View

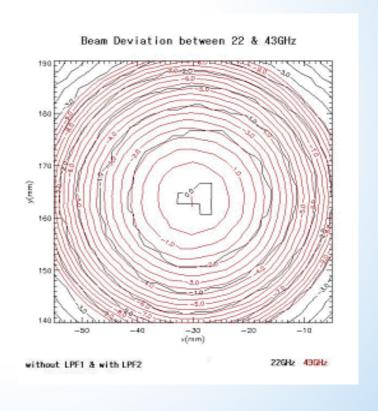


Quasi-optic System







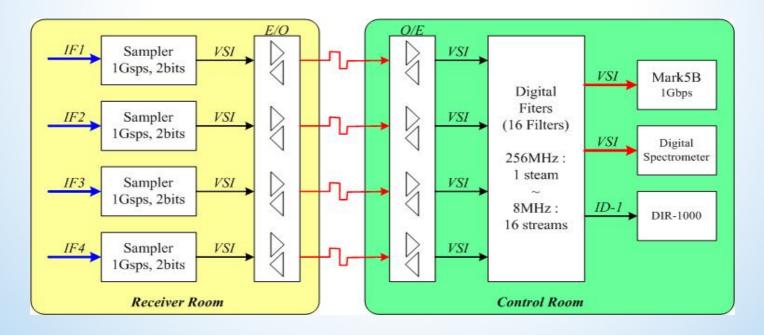




Receiver system & DAS



Freq. Band	S Band	X Band	K Band	Q Band
Freq. Range	2.2 ~ 2.8 GHz	8 ~ 9 GHz	21.5 ~23.5 GHz	42 ~ 44 GHz
Rx Noise	< 25 K	< 25 K	< 30 K	< 50 K
1 st IF / BW	2.5G/600MHz	8.5G/1GHz	8.5G/2GHz	8.5G/2GHz
IF Power	-20 dBm	-20 dBm	-20 dBm	-20 dBm
Polarization	LCP/RCP	LCP/RCP	LCP/RCP	LCP/RCP





Receiver system





22 GHz Band RX



22 GHz Band IF



43 GHz Band RX



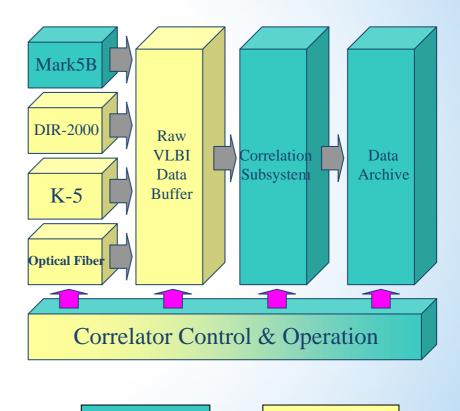
100 GHz Band RX



Specification and Framework of Korea-Japan Correlator



# of Antennas	16	
# of Inputs / Antenna	4 bands (4Fx1P, 2Fx2P,1Fx2P+2Fx1P)	
Max. # of Correlations / Input	120 Cross + 16 Auto	
Subarray	2 case (12 + 4, 8 + 8)	
Bandwidth for each Input	512 MHz	
Digitization for each Input	1 Gsps by 2bits/sample	
Clock for Input data	128 MHz	
Max. Delay compensation	<32,000 km>	
Max. Fringe Tracking	<860 kHz>	
FFT points	1,048,576, w.r.t. multi- channel stream	
Word length in FFT	16+16 bits fixed point for real & imag. Re-quantization to 4+4 bits fixed point	
Integration	< 25 msec	
Data compression (Flexible Binning)	8,192 channels	



KASI Mission

NAOJ Mission



Korea-Japan Correlator in 2007



Contraction of manufacturing correlator sub-system with ELECS company in Aug.

(completion : Aug. 2007-Aug. 2009)

- 4 times WG meetings every 2-3 months: discussion on specification and correlator developing work etc.
- Third review committee meeting in Nov. 15-16 at NAOJ, Tokyo
- Practical use for K-J Joint VLBI network and establishment K-J Joint Correlation Data Center in 2010



KVN Science



■ Multi-frequency and multi-epoch observational study for

Star forming region, late-type stars, Galactic center, AGN, detection of core shift, variability of microquasars, gravitational lens objects

- Maser mini workshop : July 2006 at KASI
- AGN mini workshop : Aug. 2006, AGN Summer School : July 2007 at KASI
- Workshop in Dec. 2007 by Radio Astronomy Sectional Committee of Korean Astronomical Society: KVN key science will be also discussed

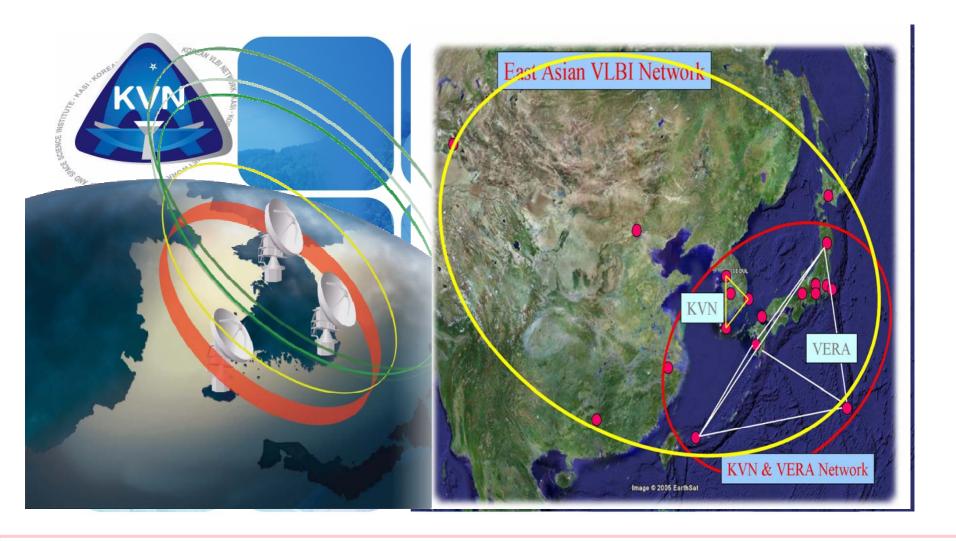


Plan of 2008



- Complete installation and panel adjustment of telescope at Yonsei and Tamna in Feb. and March 2008
 - Test observations of 100 GHz band for acceptance (confirming total rms of 21 m reflector within 60 µm)
- One station of KVN can be used for VLBI test observation with VERA/JVN (Scheduling etc. will be discussed)
- KVN Yonsei tel. equipped with first one set of
 22/43 GHz RX since March will be used as a test bed
- Manufacture two sets of 22/43 GHz RX within autum
- Request budget for construction of KVN Research Center Building again
 - Budget: \$15M (~8,250 m² = 2,500 坪)
 - Construction period : 2009 ~ 2011

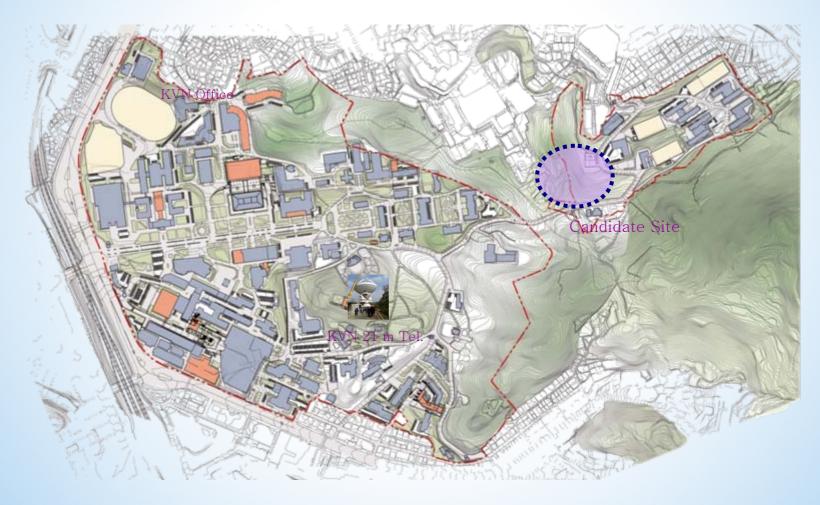




Construction Plan of KVN Research Center Building toward East Asian VLBI Research Center

Location of KVN Research Center Building at Yonsei Campus







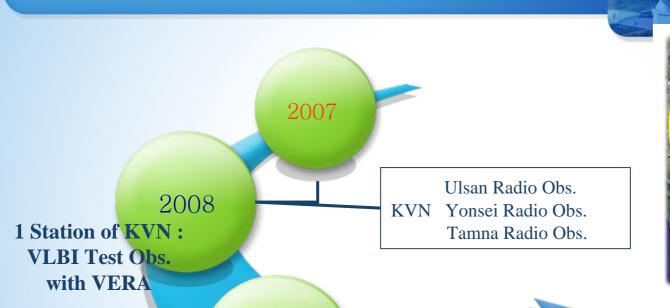
Role of KVN Research Center Building



- Space for National VLBI Research Center
 - Institute-University Cooperation in Korea
 - Korea-Japan, East Asia, and International Collaboration
- Correlator Operation Center
 - like Socorro and JIVE correlation center
- Infra-structure for East-Asian VLBI Research



Future Plan of KVN





East Asian VLBI Network

3 Stations of KVN: VLBI Test Obs.

2009

Completion of K-J Correlator Completion of mm VLBI (86 & 129 GHz) Construction of KVN Research Center Building

2010

