## 長周期変光星の位置天文観測

### Astrometry of the Galactic Miras and LPVs with VERA

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	VLBI monitoring observations with VERA	Source	Тур.	P[day]
		SY Scl	Mi	413
	VIDLess site ving with 1 month into wal	WX Psc	Mi	660
	VLBI monitoring with I month interval.	RU Ari	sr	354
	We need 1.5 $\sim$ 2 yr to derive a parallax	V637 Per	sr	?
	we need 1.5 ° 2 yr to derive a parallax.	R Tau	Mi	321
		BX Eri	sr	165
	VLBI Observations of AGB stars with VERA (2004~)	T Lep	Mi	368
Source Type	2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011   1 2 3 4 5 6 7 6 9 1011 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 1	RWEE	M1 2013	· · / • • <u>1</u> · <u>1</u>
WHya SR K		BX Cam	Mi	454
RX Boo SR K		U Ori	Mi	368
SCrt SR 🖡		AP Lyn	Mi	450
AP Lyn MIRA K		U Lyn	Mi	434
WX Psc OH/IR		NSV17351	OH/IR	?
Z Pup MIRA K		Z Pup	Mi	509
SYSCI MIRA K		OZ Gem	M1	598
YLIB MIRA K		QX Pup	M1	221
GX Mon MIRA K		V 355 Pup	Sr	( 228
U Lyn MIRA 🖡		R Cro	SI Mi	250
TUMa MIRA K		X Hya	Mi	301
SWLb MIRA K		R LMi	Mi	372
FSLIB MIRA K	к 600 [	R Uma	Mi	302
IRC-20540 MIRA	K -32 kms-1 ● + -30 kms-1 −+	VX UMa	Mi	215
X Hya MIRA K	500 -27 kms-1	HS UMa	LPV	517
R Onc MIRA K	-24 KITIS-1	S Crt	sr	155
FV Boo MIRA K		T UMa	Mi	257
RUAri SR K	N	U CVn	Mi	346
BW_Cam MIRA K	K 2 300 VLBI Monitoring	W Hya	sr	361
BX_Cam MIRA K		RU Hya	Mi	332
U_Ori MIRA K		RX Boo	sr	278
RS_Vir MIRA		RS Vir	M1	354
SY_AqI MIRA K		FV B00	Sr	276
SV_Pes SRb K		I LID S CrP		270
R_lau Mira OZGem Mira		SWLib	Mi	292
V353_Pup SR		FSLib	Mi	415
HU_Pup SR	01/01/04 01/01/05 01/01/06 01/01/07 01/01/08	IRC+10374	Mi	514
K Tau MIRA G		IRC-20540	Mi	510
R Cas MIRA G		SY Agl	Mi	356
R Agr MIRA G		SV Peg	srb	145
WX_Ser MIRA G		R Peg	Mi	378
1				

## Parallax measurements



# Latest results from VLBI astrometry

24 sources								
Source	Туре	Parallax	Р	LogP	mК	MK	Maser	Reference
		[mas]	[day]	-	[mag]	[mag]		(Parallax,mK)
RW Lep	sra	1.62±0.16	150	2.176	0.639	-8.31±0.22	H2O	kam14, a
S Crt	srb	$2.33 \pm 0.13$	155	2.190	0.786	<b>-7</b> .38±0.12	H2O	nak08, a
RX Boo	srb	7.31±0.5	162	2.210	-1.96	-7.64±0.15	H2O	kam12, b
T UMa	Mi	$0.96 \pm 0.15$	257	2.410	2.60	<b>-7</b> .49±0.44	H2O	in prep., a
Y Lib	Mi	$1.24 \pm 0.13$	276	2.441	3.16	-6.37±0.23	H2O	in prep., a
R UMa	Mi	$1.92 \pm 0.05$	302	2.480	1.19	<b>-7</b> .39±0.06	H2O	nak16, d
FV Boo	Mi	$0.97 \pm 0.06$	340	2.531	3.836	-6.23±0.13	H2O	kam16, a
SYAql	Mi	$1.10\pm0.07$	356	2.551	2.36	<b>-7</b> .43±0.14	H2O	in prep., a
R Cnc	Mi	$3.84 \pm 0.29$	357	2.553	-0.97	<b>-8</b> .05±0.16	H2O	in prep., a
W Hya	sra	$10.18 \pm 2.36$	361	2.558	-3.16	-8.12±0.51	OH	vle03, c
S CrB	Mi	$2.39 \pm 0.17$	360	2.556	0.21	<b>-7</b> .90±0.15	OH	vle07, c
T Lep	Mi	$3.06 \pm 0.04$	368	2.566	0.12	$-7.45\pm0.03$	H2O	nak14, c
R Aqr	Mi	$4.7 \pm 0.8$	390	2.591	-1.01	$-7.65\pm0.37$	SiO	kam10, c
R Aqr	Mi	$4.59 \pm 0.24$	390	2.591	-1.01	<b>-7</b> .70±0.11	SiO	min14, c
RR Aql	Mi	$1.58 \pm 0.40$	396	2.598	0.46	$-8.55\pm0.56$	OH	vle07, c
U Her	Mi	$3.76 \pm 0.27$	406	2.609	-0.27	<b>-</b> 7.39±0.16	OH	vle07, c
SY Scl	Mi	0.75±0.03	411	2.614	2.55	<b>-8</b> .07±0.09	H2O	nyull, b
R Cas	Mi	5.67±1.95	430	2.633	-1.80	-8.03±0.78	OH	vle03, c
U Lyn	Mi	1.27±0.06	434	2.637	1.533	-7.95±0.10	H2O	kam15, a
OH231.8+4.2	OH/IR	0.55±0.05	551	2.741	0	<u> </u>	H2O	in prep.
UX Cyg	Mi	$0.54 \pm 0.06$	565	2.752	1.40	$-9.94 \pm 0.24$	H2O	kur05, a
S Per	src	$0.413 \pm 0.017$	822	2.915	1.33	$-10.59 \pm 0.09$	H2O	asa10, b
PZ Cas	src	$0.356 \pm 0.026$	925	2.966	1.00	$-11.24 \pm 0.16$	H2O	kus13, b
VY CMa	src	$0.88 \pm 0.08$	956	2.980	-0.72	$-11.00\pm0.20$	H2O	cho08, b
NML Cyg		$0.62 \pm 0.047$	1280	3.107	0.791	-10.25±0.16	H2O	zha12, a

# Period- Mk relation of Mira and SR variables based on VLBI astrometry

 $Mk = -3.52\log P + (1.09 \pm 0.14)$ 



More sources are needed to solve a zero-point with better accuracy.



Name	HIP/TYC	$\Delta \alpha * [mas]$	$\Delta \delta$ [mas]	$\Delta \varpi$ [mas]	$\Delta \mu_{\alpha *}$ [mas yr <sup>-1</sup> ]	$\Delta \mu_{\delta}$ [mas yr <sup>-1</sup> ]	Reference (VLBI)
S Persei	11093	$+4.969 \pm 8.474$	$-10.626 \pm 8.497$	$-0.001 \pm 0.720$	$-0.153 \pm 0.242$	$-0.225 \pm 0.211$	Asaki et al. (2010)
LS I +61 303	12469	$-28.882 \pm 6.726$	$+22.324 \pm 7.611$	$+0.188 \pm 0.650$	$-1.322 \pm 0.373$	$+1.133 \pm 0.383$	Lestrade et al. (1999)
HII 174	1803-0008-1			$-0.024 \pm 0.302$	$-0.130 \pm 0.918$	$-0.395 \pm 0.492$	Melis et al. (2014)
HD 283447	19762	$+8.447 \pm 0.759$	$-36.971 \pm 0.482$	$-0.460 \pm 0.495$	$-8.998 \pm 0.170$	$+0.011 \pm 0.111$	Torres et al. (2012)
T Tau	20390	$+231.577 \pm 1.280$	$+514.096 \pm 0.545$	$+0.291 \pm 0.309$	$+7.600 \pm 0.169$	$-12.339 \pm 0.095$	Loinard et al. (2007)
T Lep	23636			$-0.843 \pm 0.759$	$-4.395 \pm 0.502$	$+1.668 \pm 0.791$	Nakagawa et al. (2014)
3C273	60936	$+0.912 \pm 1.474$	$+0.819 \pm 1.961$	$-0.140 \pm 0.377$	$-0.384 \pm 0.443$	$+0.111 \pm 0.288$	Ma et al. (2009)
$\sigma^2 \operatorname{CrB}$	79607	$-12.772 \pm 1.142$	$-5.524 \pm 1.491$	$+0.104 \pm 0.913$	$-0.471 \pm 0.065$	$-0.009 \pm 0.086$	Lestrade et al. (1999)
Cyg X-1	98298	$-0.378 \pm 0.444$	$-0.648 \pm 0.732$	$-0.310 \pm 0.250$	$+0.015 \pm 0.086$	$+0.034 \pm 0.139$	Reid et al. (2011)
HD 199178	103144	$-4.246 \pm 8.859$	$+6.620 \pm 9.330$	$+0.358 \pm 0.474$	$-0.170 \pm 0.409$	$+0.349 \pm 0.431$	Lestrade et al. (1999)
AR Lac	109303	$-4.324 \pm 2.945$	$-0.975 \pm 4.398$	$-0.332 \pm 0.510$	$-0.220 \pm 0.127$	$-0.082 \pm 0.191$	Lestrade et al. (1999)
IM Peg	112997	$+0.503 \pm 1.029$	$-0.014 \pm 1.046$	$-0.039 \pm 0.372$	$+0.001 \pm 0.093$	$-0.110 \pm 0.096$	Bartel et al. (2015)
PZ Cas	117078	$-29.855 \pm 3.349$	$-9.348 \pm 4.012$	$+0.438 \pm 0.558$	$-0.275 \pm 0.205$	$-0.236 \pm 0.303$	Kusuno et al. (2013)



## Period luminosity relation of OH/IR stars (P > 1000d)

Mid-IR absolute magnitudes of OH/IR stars with known distances.

Distances from  $\begin{pmatrix} (1) \text{ Phase-lag method (Engels et al. 2015)} \\ (2) \text{ Kinematic distance} \end{pmatrix}$ 



# Study of the Galactic kinematics



# OH/IR stars as a new tracers of the study of the Galactic kinematics

- Period=1000 days  $\rightarrow$  M=~4Msun (Feast 2008)
- Age :  $10^8 10^9$  yr
- Probes with various ages are needed
- Calibration of mid-infrared PLR of OH/IR stars.
- Astrometry: VLBI (OH/SiO/H2O masers)





### To construct Mid-IR PL-relation of OH/IR stars , VLBI astrometry of OH/IR stars

is important.

### •VLBI : OH, H2O, SiO masers



- Gaia : OH/IR stars may be invisible
- JASMINE : infrared satellite for Galactic bulge stars

# Summary

Astrometric study of the Galactic LPVs —

#### (1) Mira & Semiregular variables

- Phase-referencing VLBI at 22 GHz with VERA
- Parallaxes of ~15 Miras and SRs were determined
- Period-Mk relation;  $Mk = -3.52\log P + (1.09 \pm 0.14)$  (Nakagawa et al. 2016)
- 10 more sources are required to accomplish zero-point accuracy of 0.1 mag.

#### (2)OH/IR stars

- Mid-infrared Period-M relation can be confirmed
- Kinematics of stars with age of ~10<sup>8</sup> years
  - $\rightarrow$  They are unique sample for comparison with theoretical model
- VLBI astrometry using OH/H2O/SiO masers is important





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104

120M,

8.8×10<sup>7</sup> v