

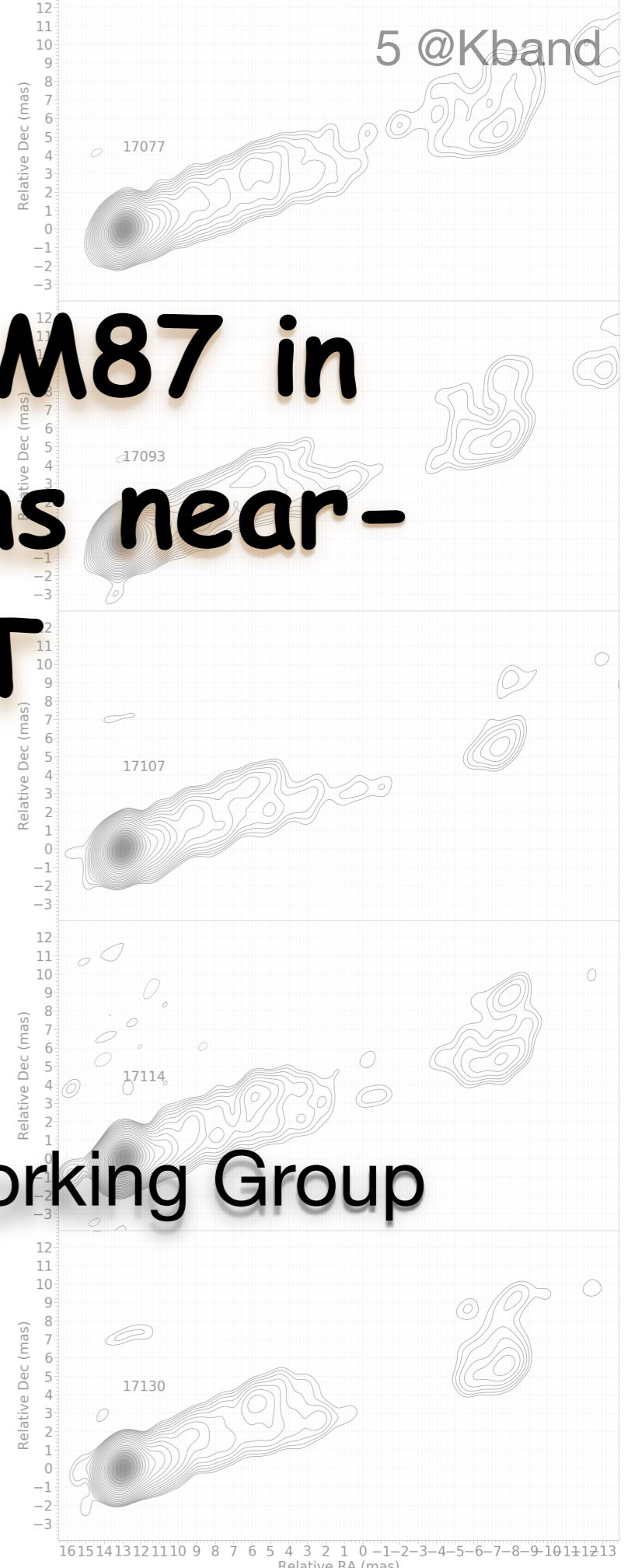
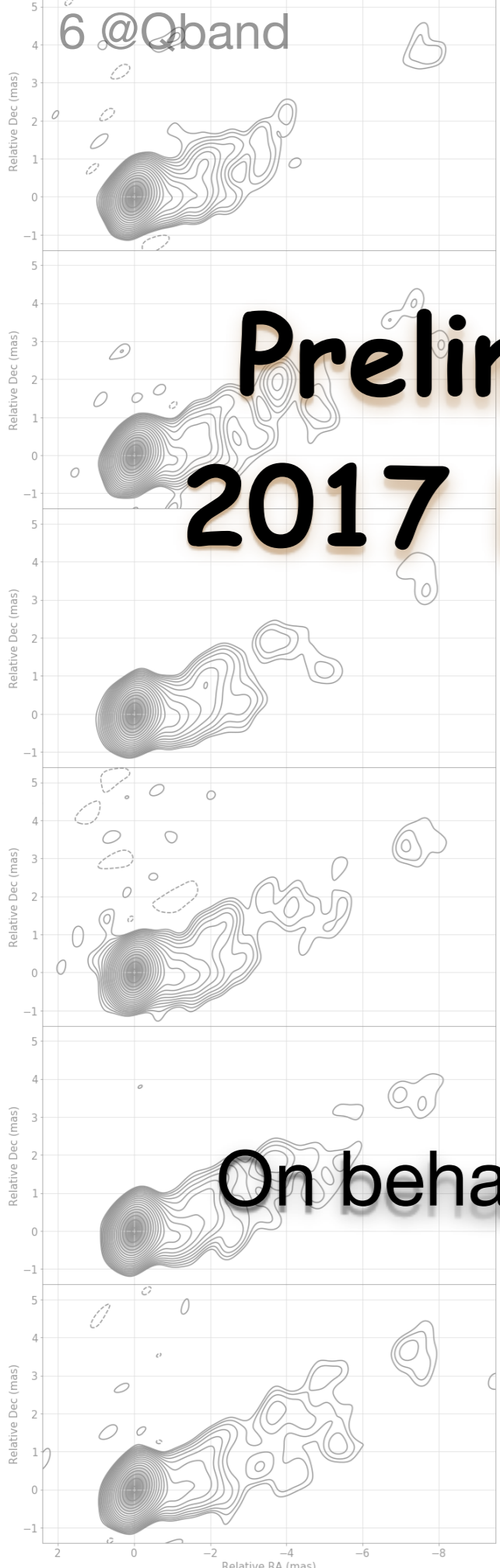
6 @ Qband

5 @ Kband

Preliminary results of M87 in 2017 EAVN observations near- in-time with EHT

Yuzhu, Cui (D1)
Kazuhiro, Hada
Mareki, Honma

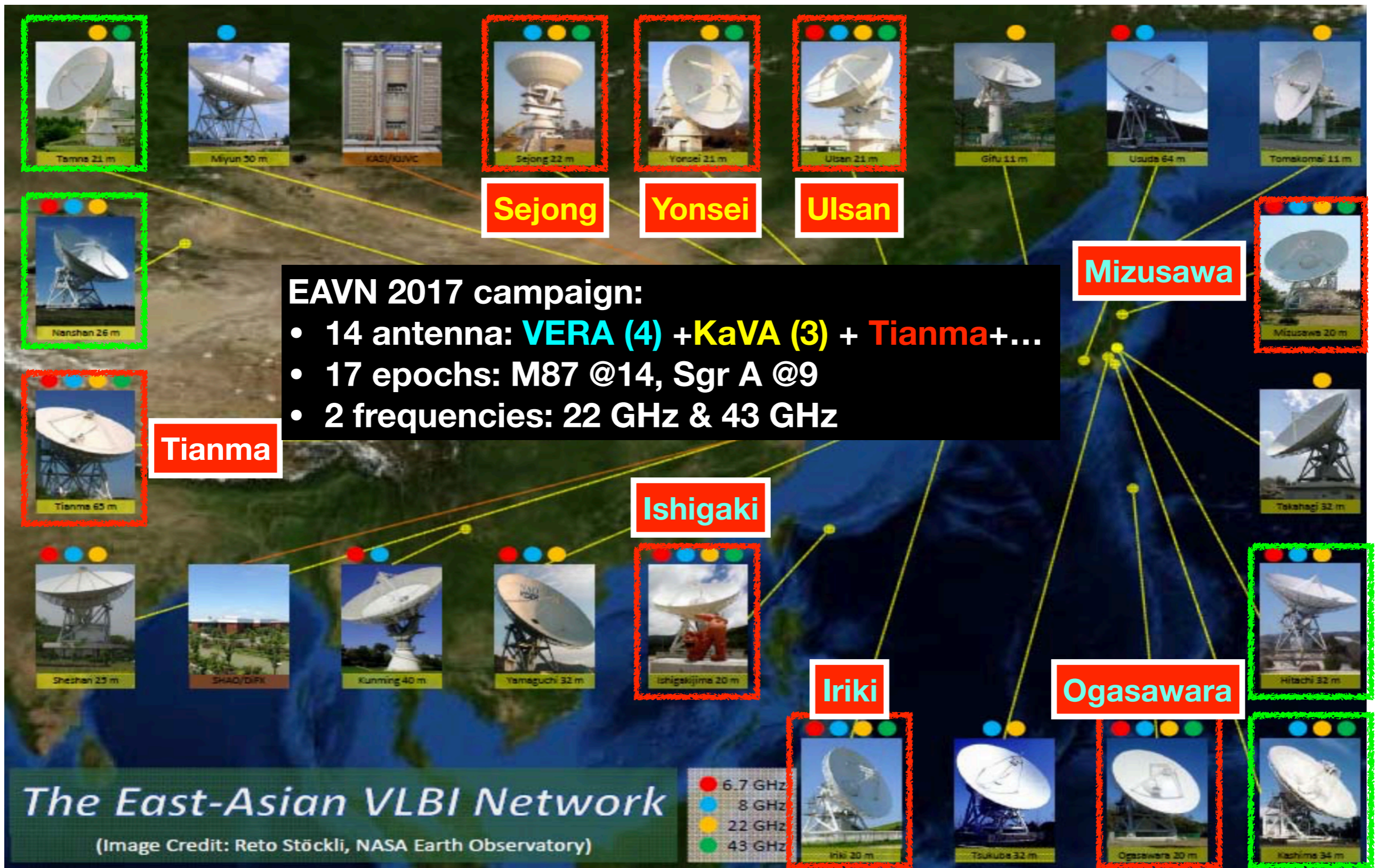
On behalf of EAVN AGN Science Working Group
NAOJ / SOKENDAI



Content

1. EAVN 2017 campaign;
2. EHT observation in 2017;
3. Possible connections between EAVN and EHT;
4. Future plan

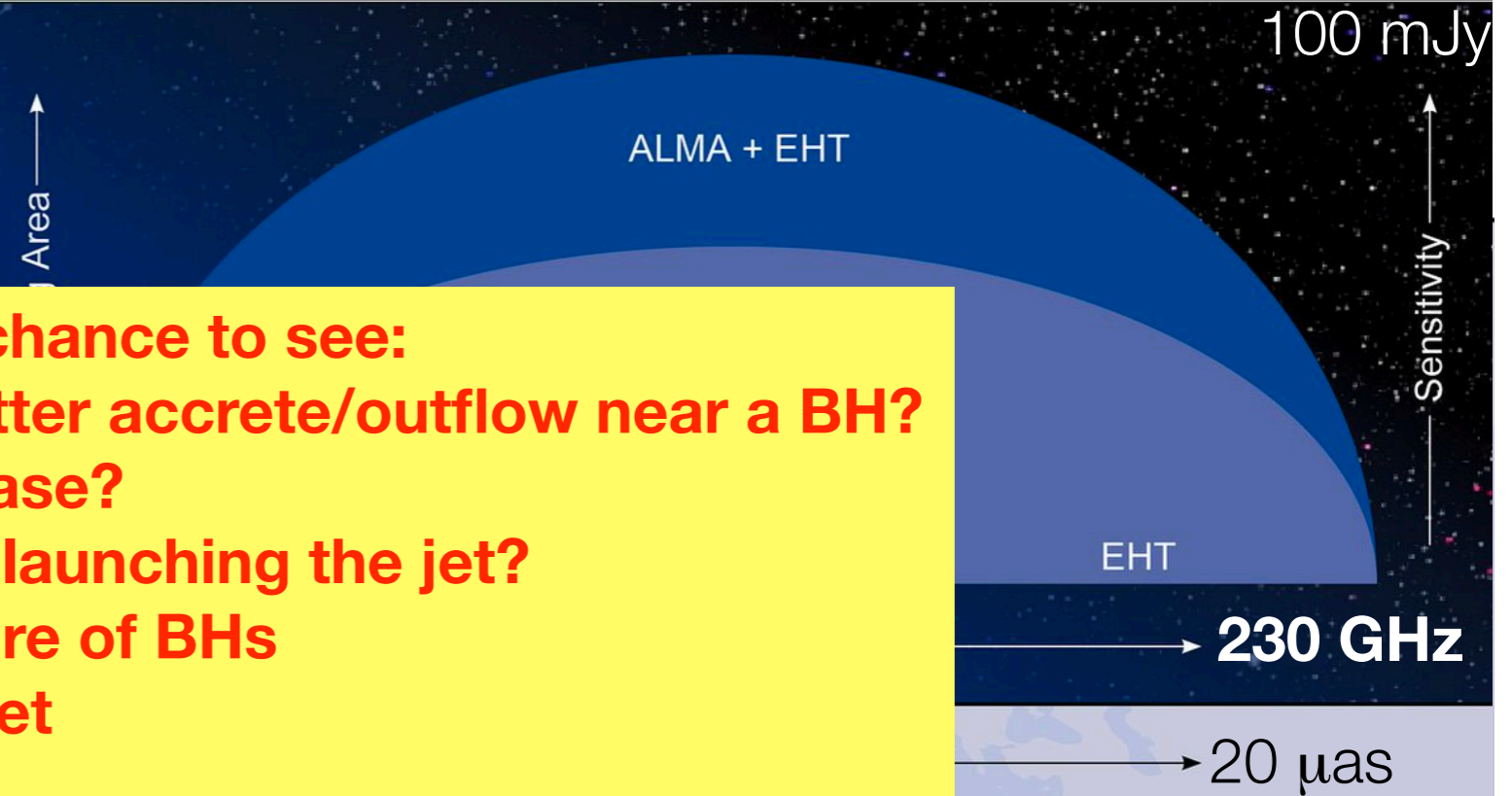
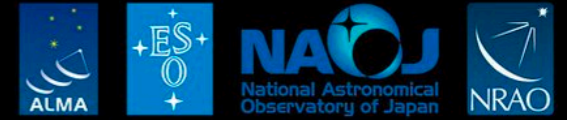
From VERA to KaVA, then to EAVN



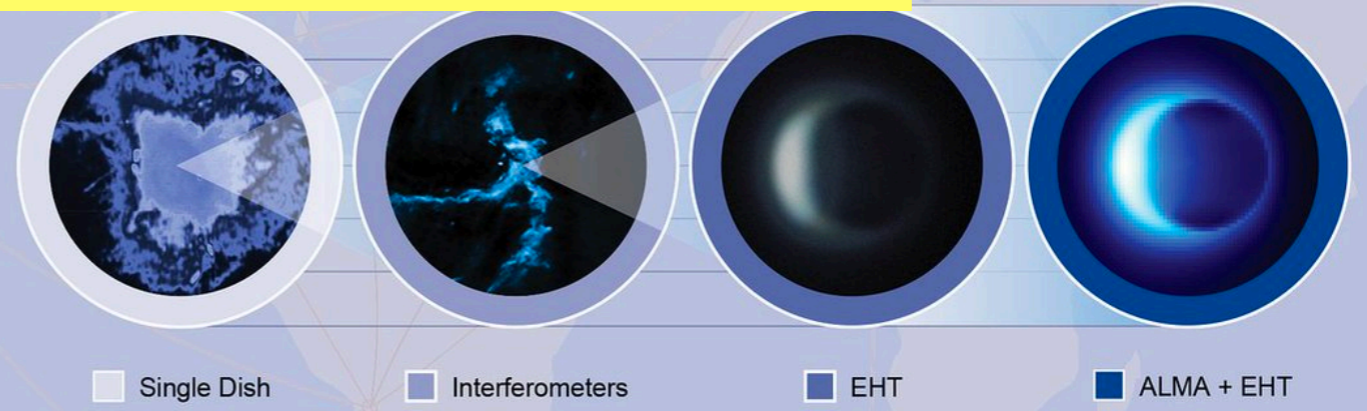
Event Horizon Telescope (EHT) observation in 2017



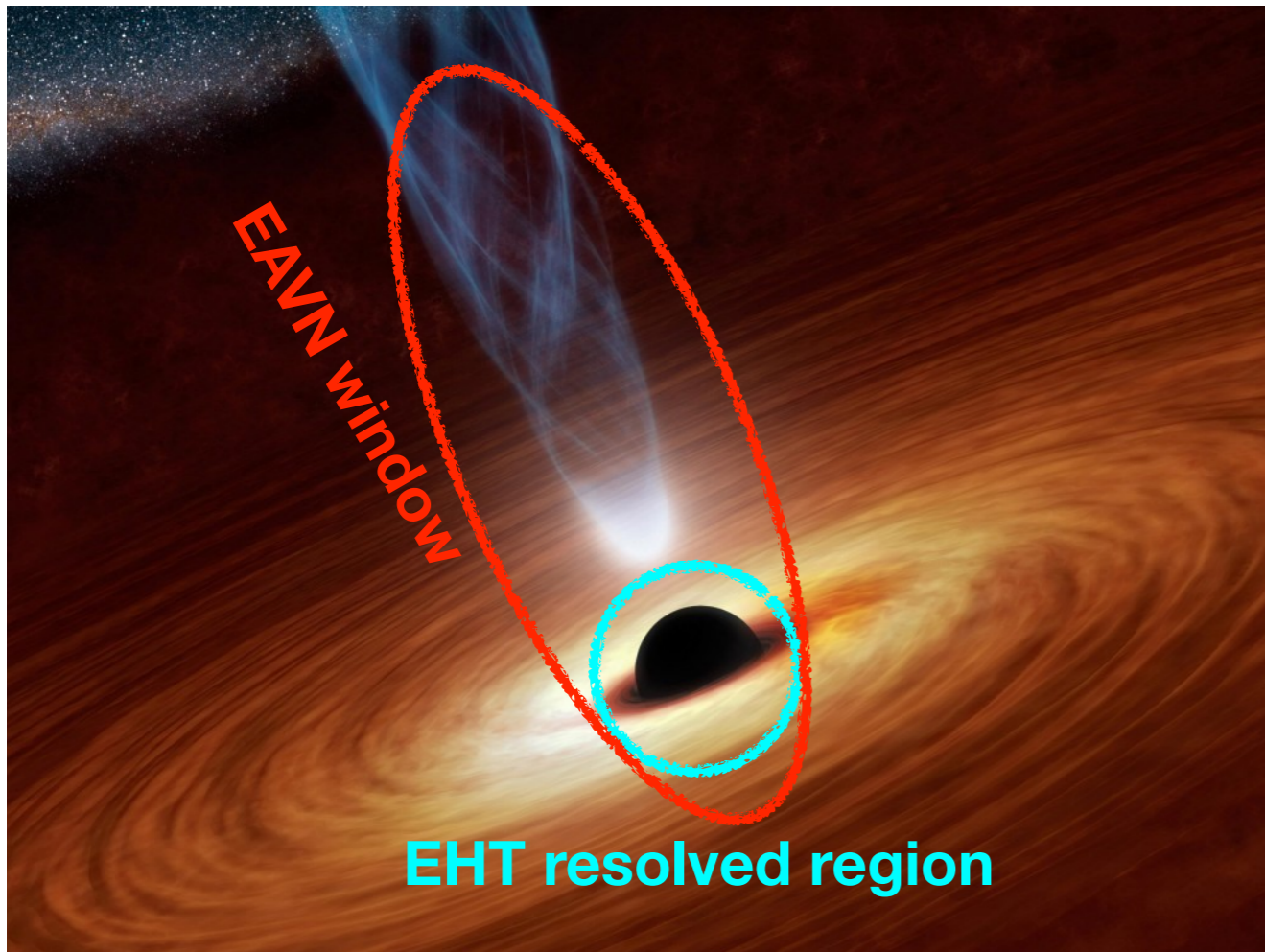
Tracing the Image of a Black Hole



- We may have a chance to see:**
- How does matter accrete/outflow near a BH?
 - Where is jet base?
 - How does BH launching the jet?
 - Quantum nature of BHs
 - Formation of jet
 - ...



Comparison between EHT and EAVN



M87: $M_{\text{BH}} = 6.6 \times 10^9 M_{\text{sun}}$,
 $R_s = 7.79 \mu\text{as}$; $D = 15 \text{ Mpc}$

	EHT	EAVN
Frequency (GHz)	230	43
Angular resolution (μas)	20	700
Scale_M87 (R_s)	3	90

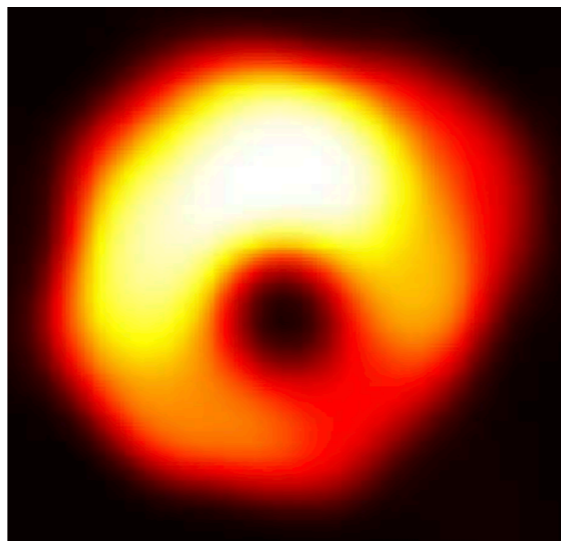
- **EHT** : imaging the BH shadow
- **EAVN**:
 - Over all jet structure;
 - Proper motion informations;
 - Position angle information;
 - Amplitude variance;
 - Spectrum index

Will be very helpful supplements for each other !!!

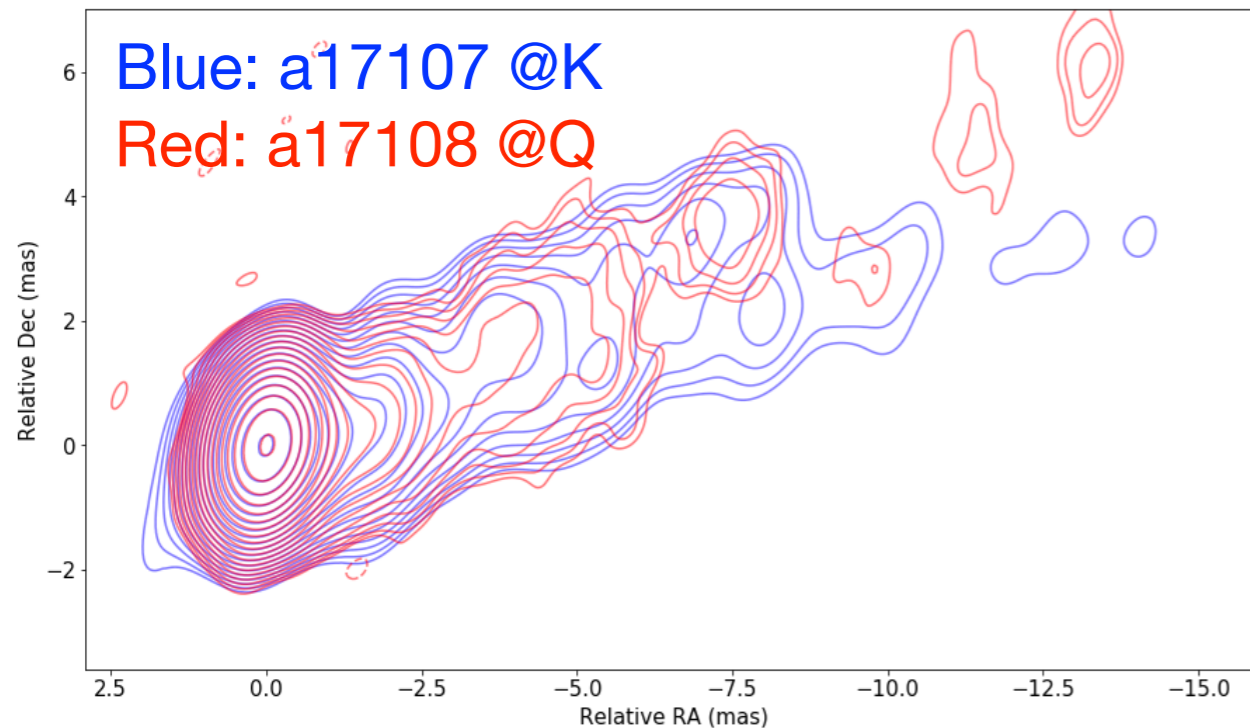
Possible connection:

Expected
flux density

1. Can we detect the emission around the BH?



Spectral Index Map ($S_\nu \propto \nu^\alpha$)



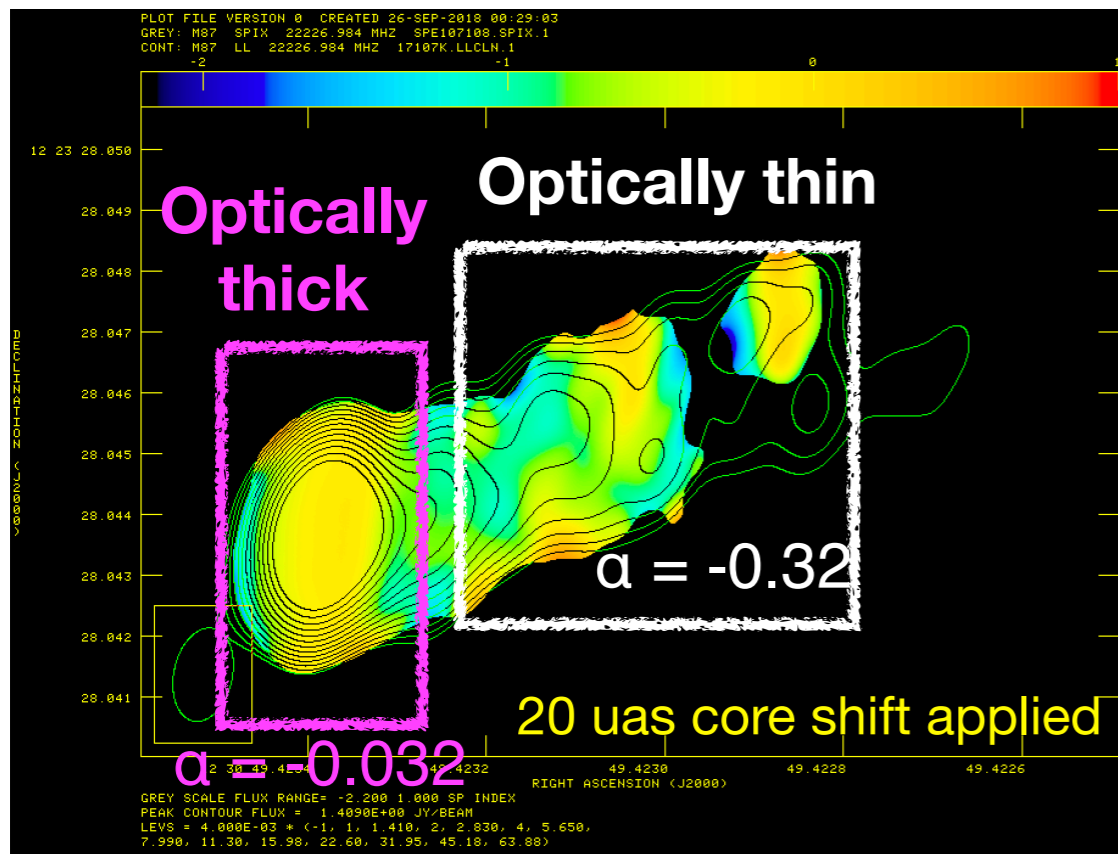
- With the 22 GHz & 43 GHz data, we can get 4 pairs of spectral index maps to check the particle distribution of M87 by $S_\nu \propto \nu^\alpha$

$$\frac{S_{\nu_1}}{S_{\nu_2}} = \left(\frac{\nu_1}{\nu_2}\right)^\alpha$$

$$\log\left(\frac{S_{\nu_1}}{S_{\nu_2}}\right) = \alpha \log\left(\frac{\nu_1}{\nu_2}\right)$$

$$\alpha = \frac{\log\left(\frac{S_{\nu_1}}{S_{\nu_2}}\right)}{\log\left(\frac{\nu_1}{\nu_2}\right)} = -0.32$$

Jet region



- Assuming the particle distribution is same with the jet. $S_{core,43GHz} = 586 mJy @ VLBA$

$$\log\left(\frac{S_{core,230GHz}}{S_{core,43GHz}}\right) = \alpha \log\left(\frac{\nu_{230GHz}}{\nu_{43GHz}}\right)$$

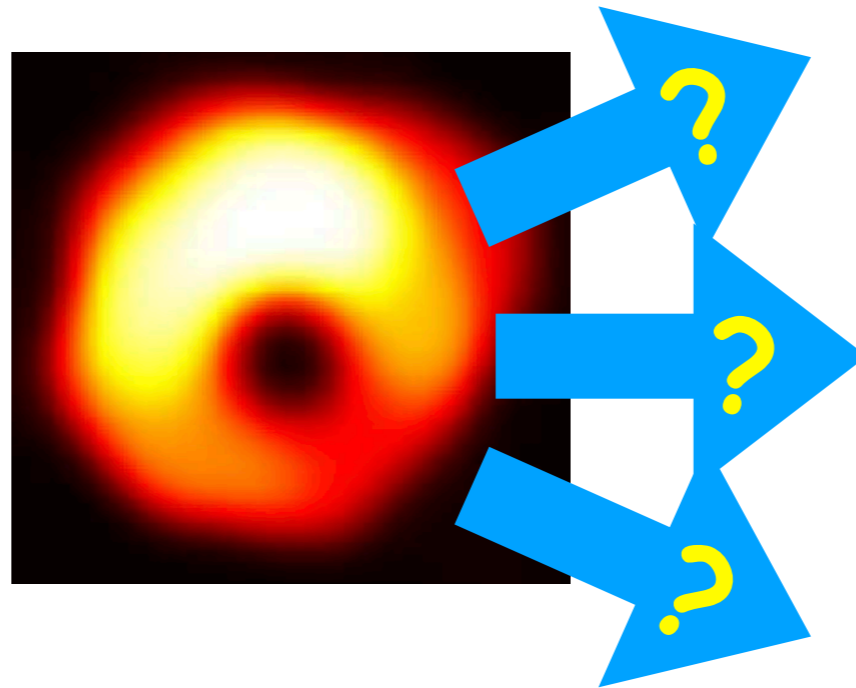
Detectable!

Core region

$$S_{core,230GHz} = 340 mJy @ EHT$$

Expected
position angle

2. What is the direction of the emission?

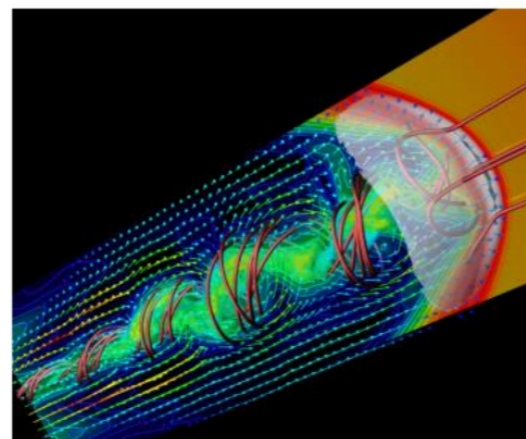
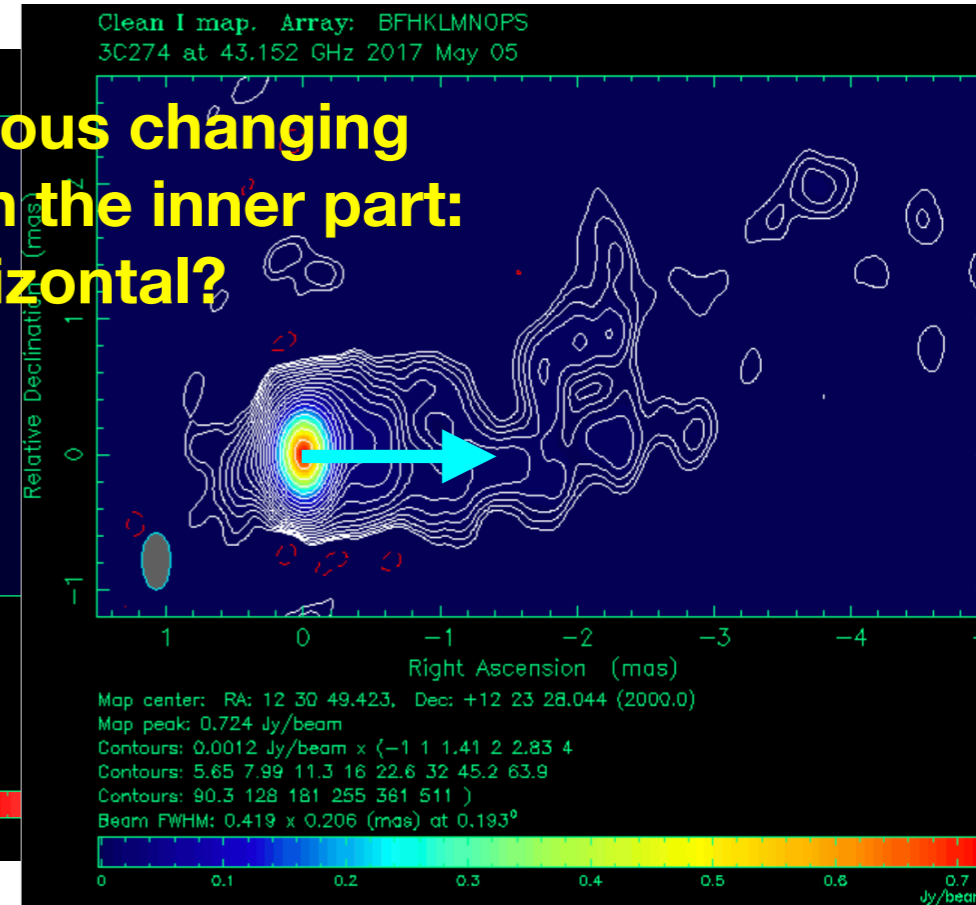
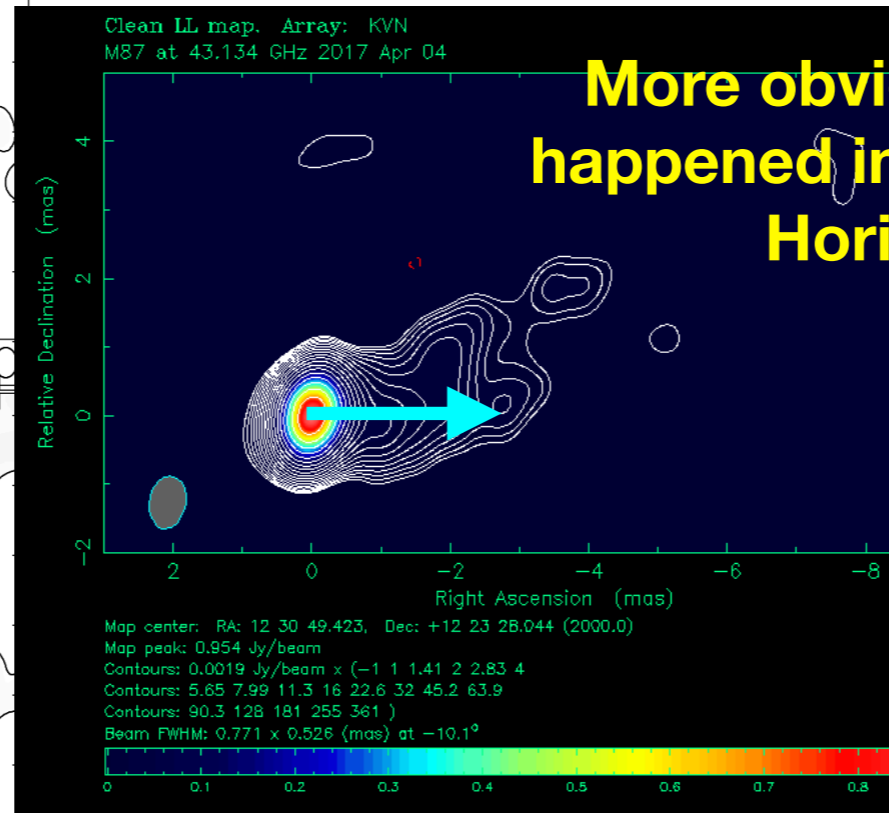
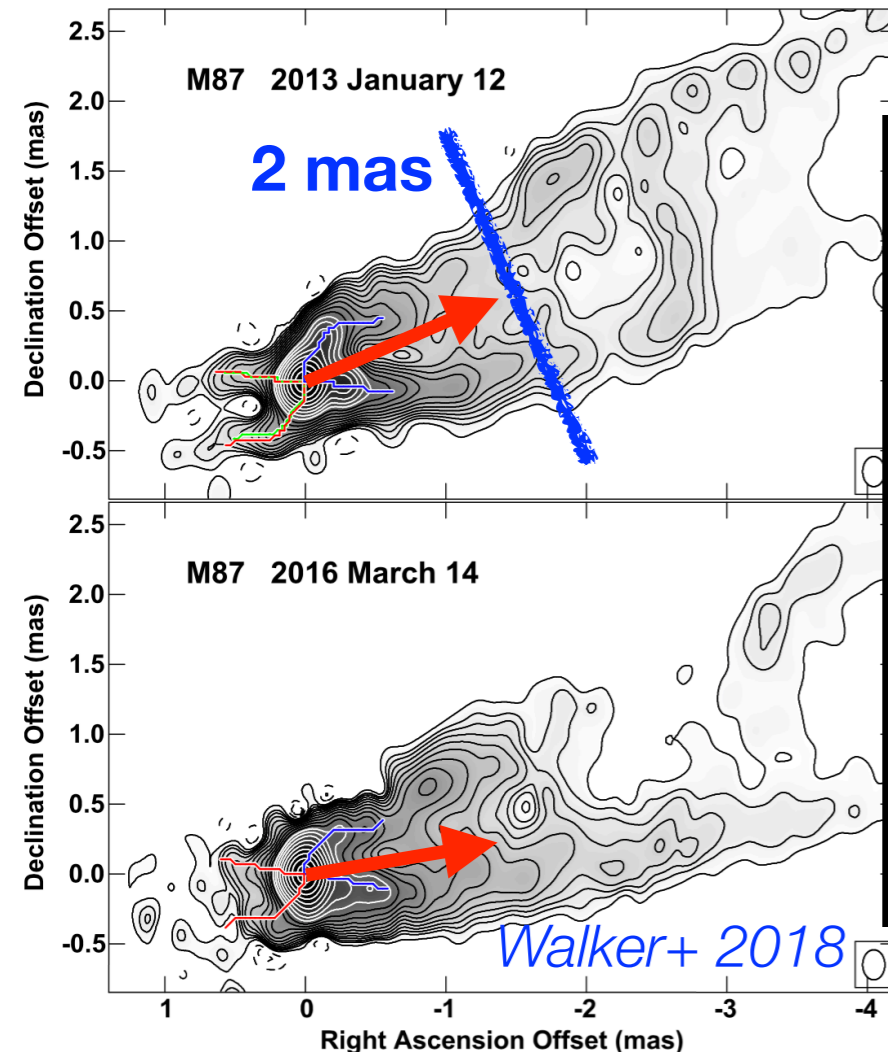


Position angle changing of M87

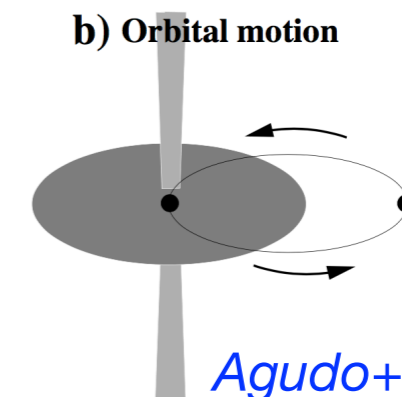
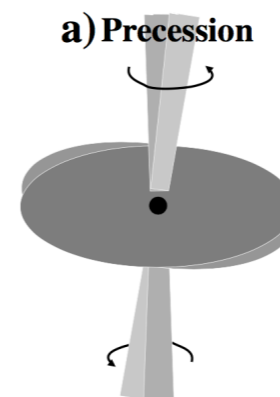
VLBA 2013/2016

EAVN 2017

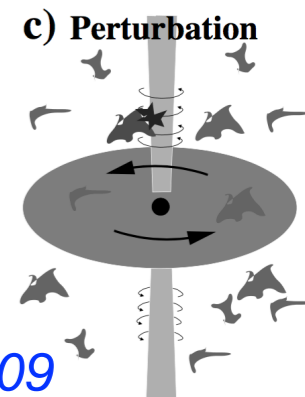
VLBA 2017



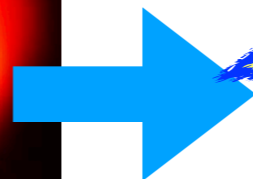
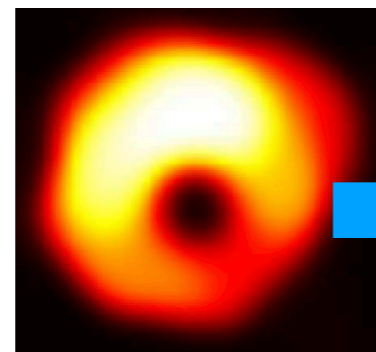
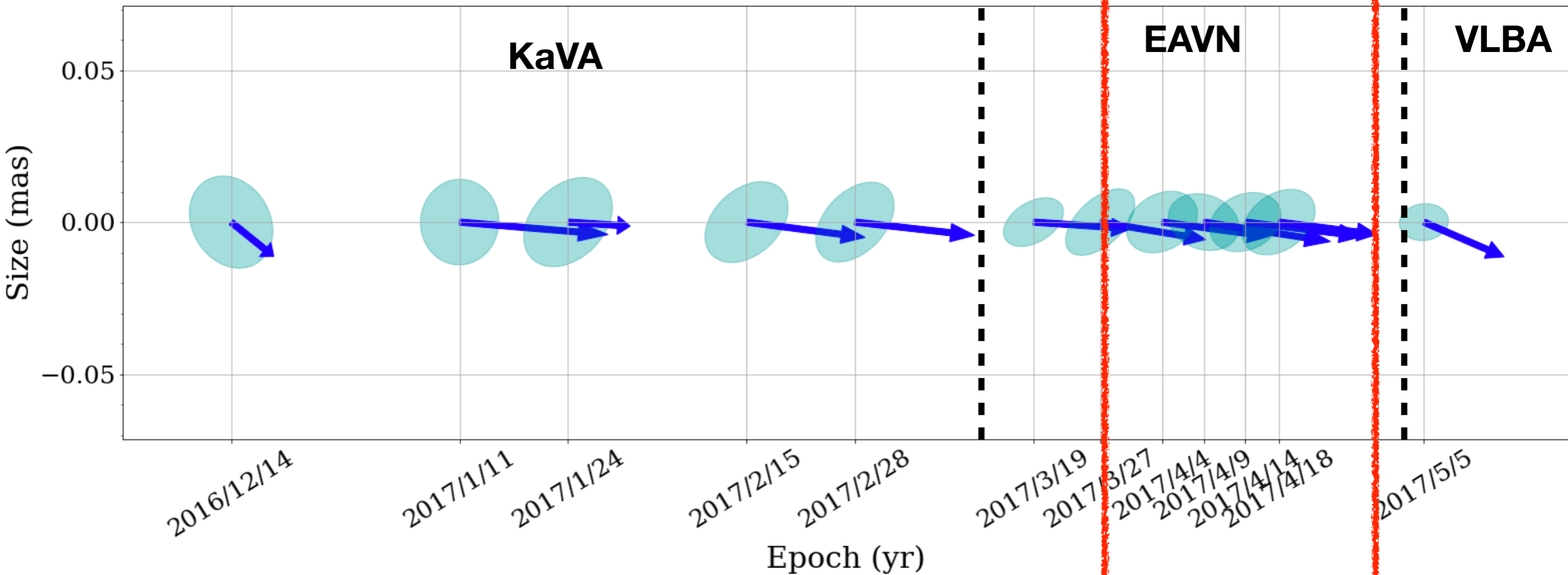
3D MHD simulation for propagating jet (Nakamura & Meier 2004)



Agudo+ 2009



Initial Jet direction during EHT period?

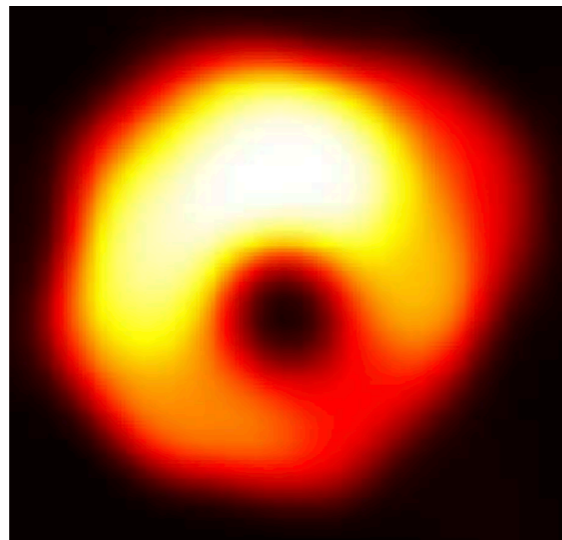


Horizontal ?

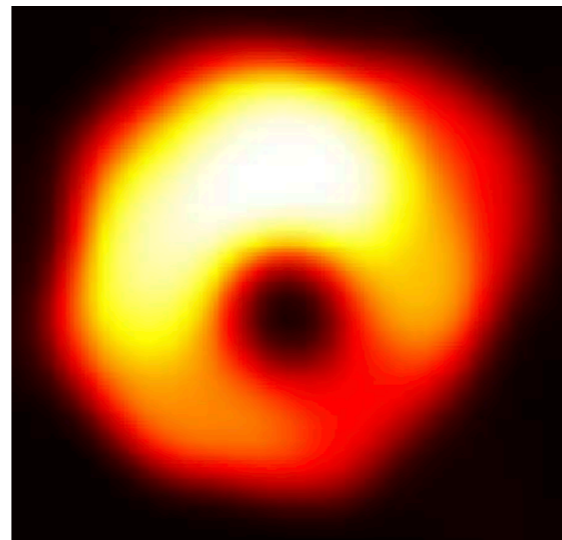
EHT period

Proper motion & new ejection

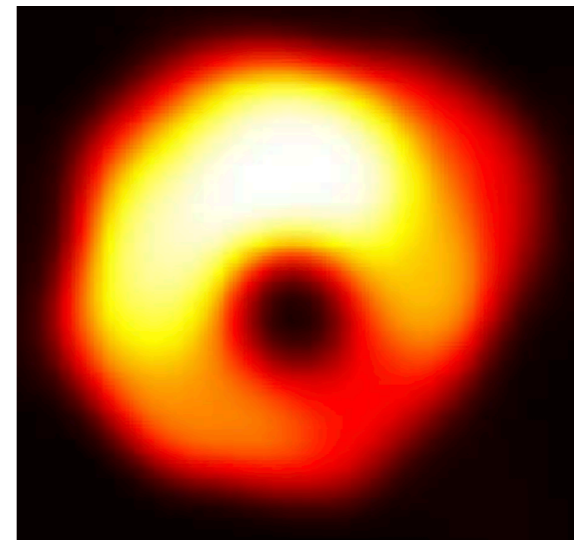
3. When was the new component ejected?



2017/04/05



2017/04/10



2017/04/15

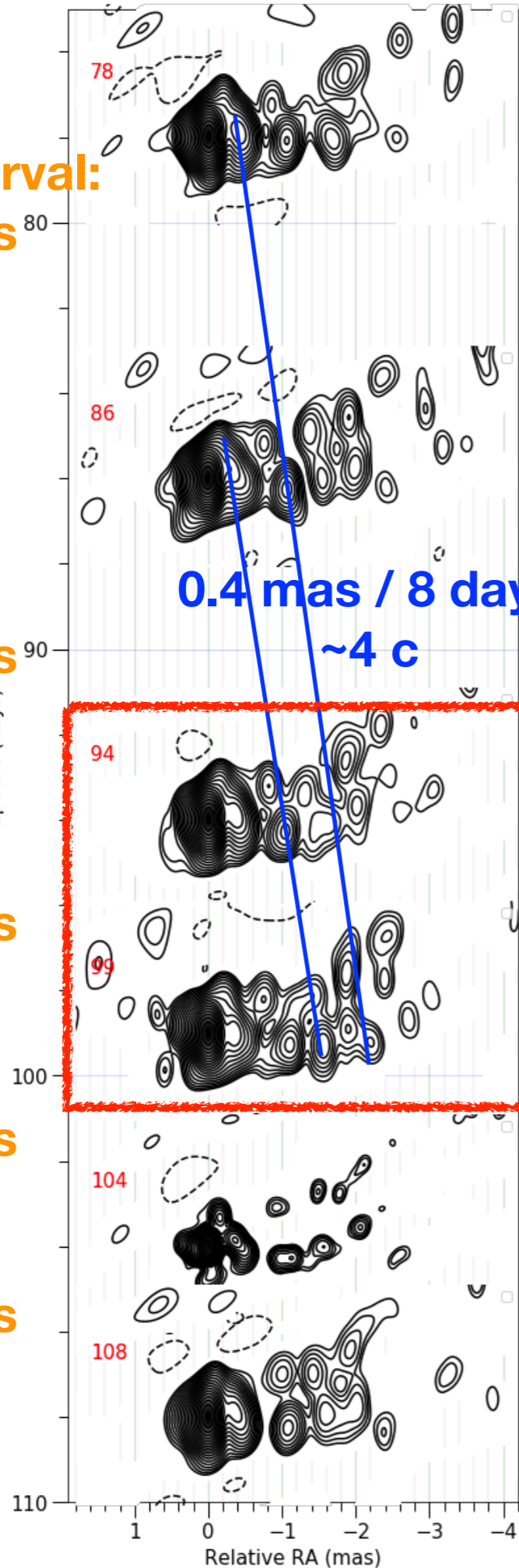
* These dates are example
Simulation of M87, Akiyama+ 2017

Possible proper motion

Super resolution:

Beam size: 0.416×0.21 mas

Time interval:
8 days



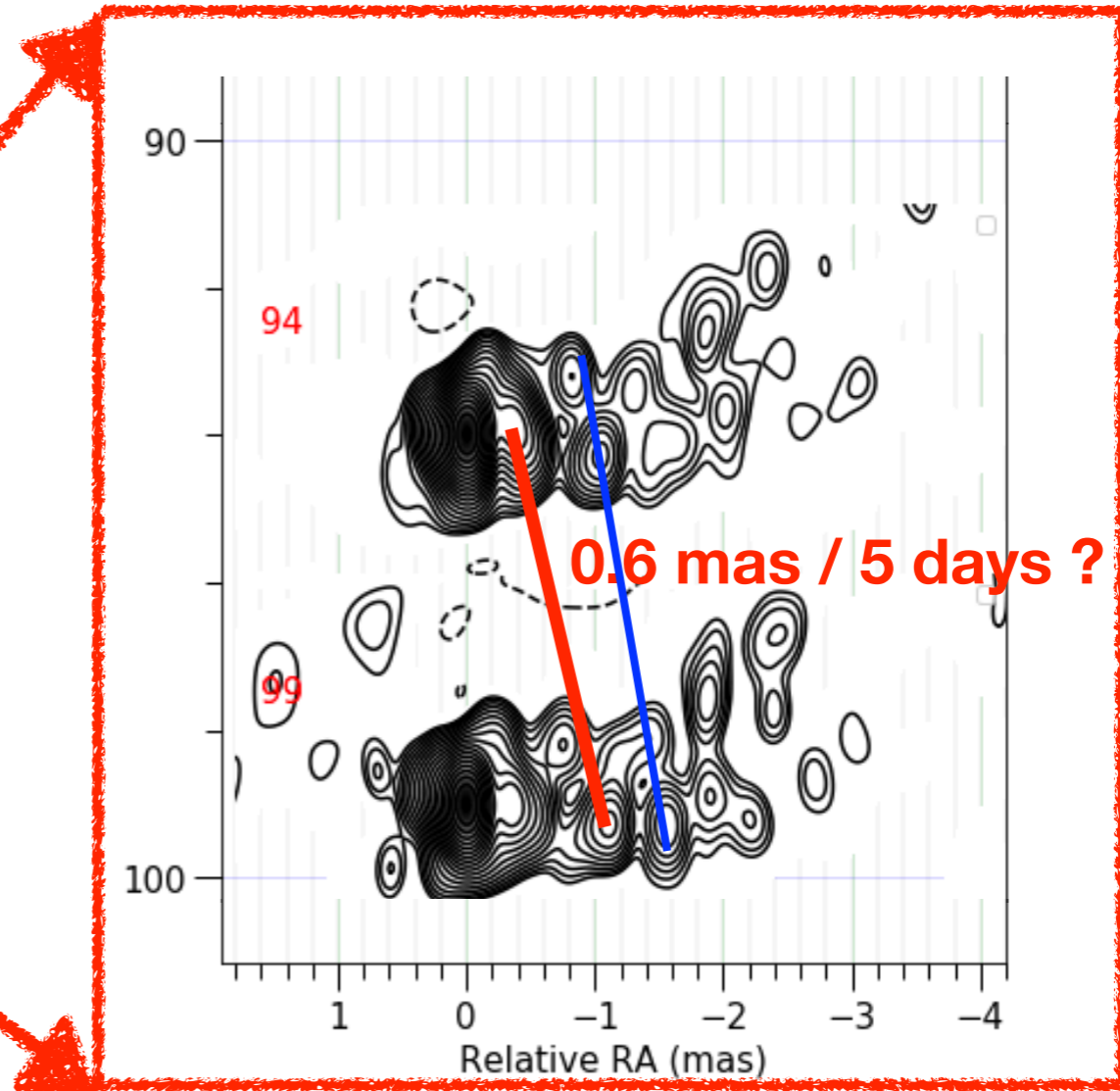
8 days

0.4 mas / 8 days
~4 c

5 days

5 days

4 days



0.6 mas / 5 days ?

Rough estimation:

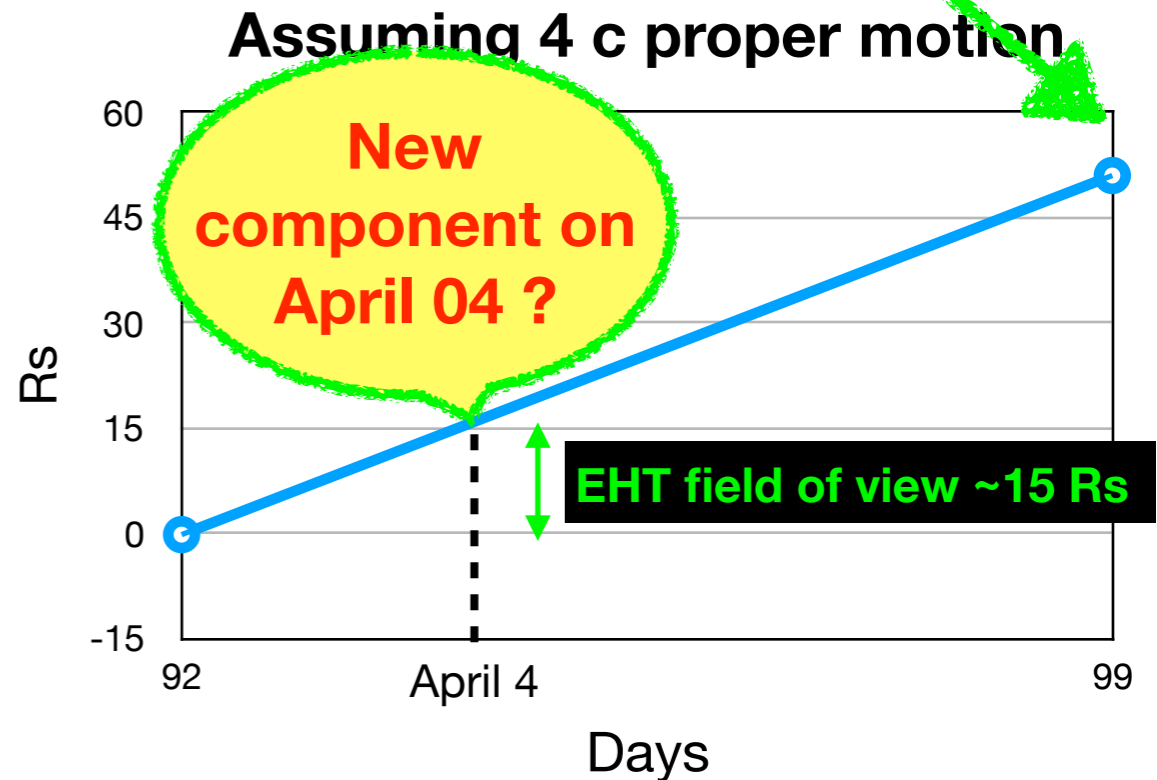
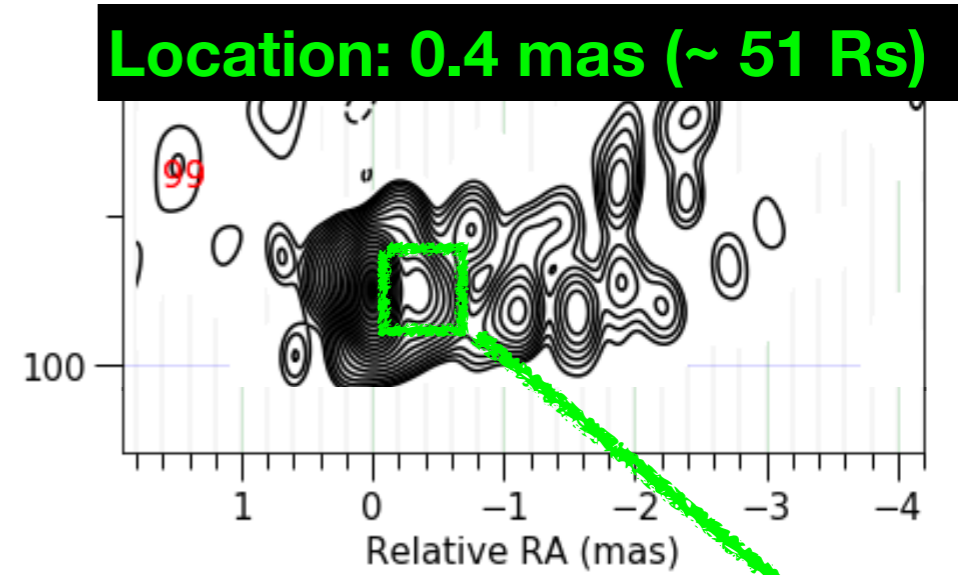
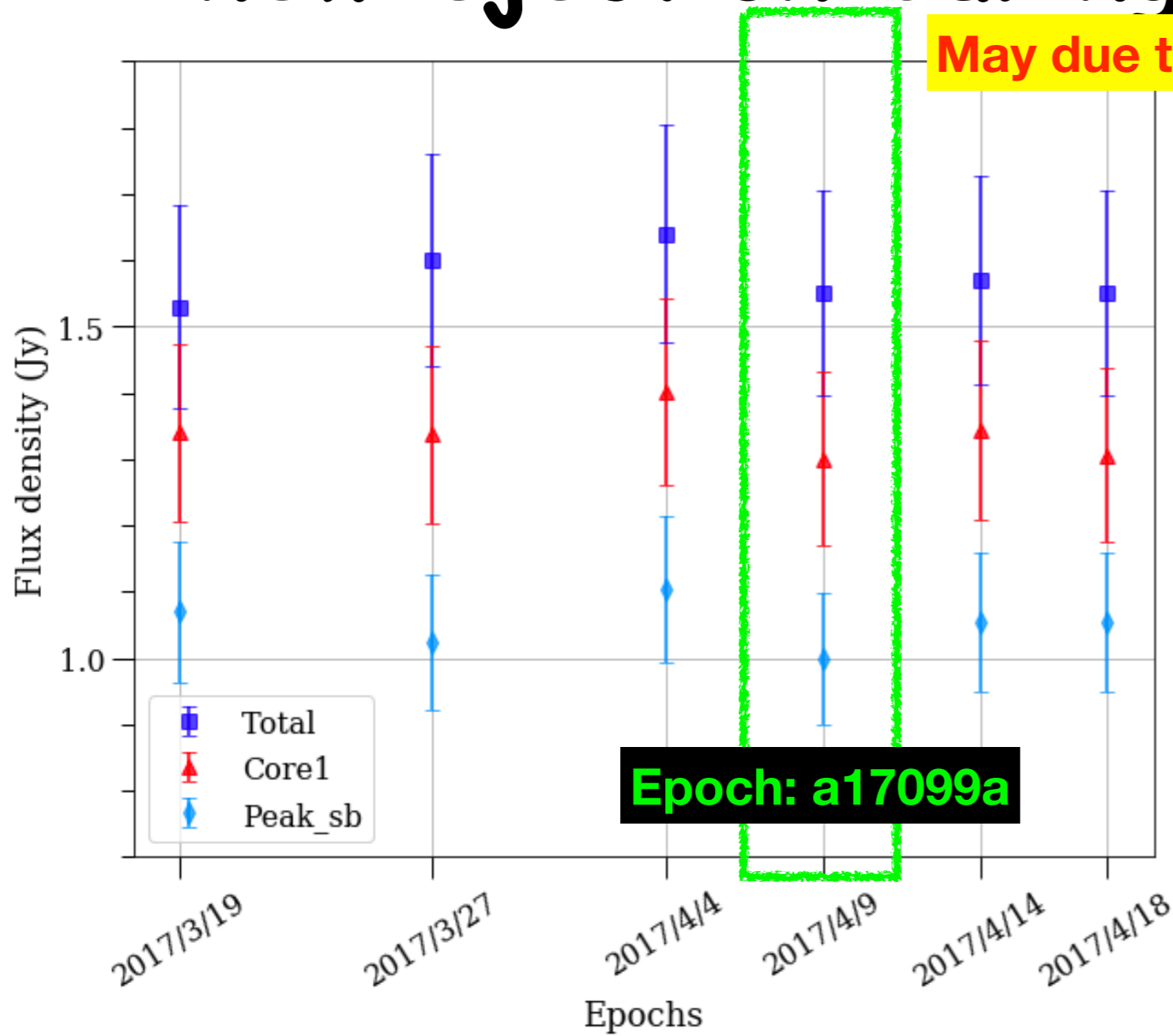
If we expect 1c motion, namely:

-> 1c = 4 mas / year

-> 0.1 mas / 7 days

-> 12.8 Rs / 7 days

Light curve (Q band) ——— new ejection during EHT period?



M87: $M_{\text{BH}} = 6.6 \times 10^9 M_{\text{sun}}$, $4c \sim 51.2 R_s / 7 \text{ days}$
 $R_s = 7.79 \mu\text{as}$; $D = 15 \text{ Mpc}$

Future work

❖ Technical part:

- **Finish the evaluation of Tianma's performance;**
- **Double check the data;**
- **Finish the technical paper**

❖ Scientific part:

- **Spectral index of K band and Q band;**
- **Calculation of proper motion;**
- **Finish the scientific paper with EHT**