### VERAの現状と今後

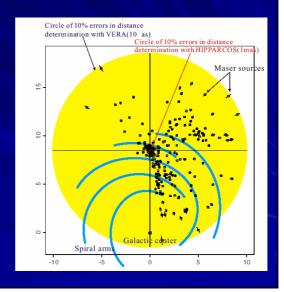
小林秀行(国立天文台) 2006/2/20 銀河系研究会@三鷹

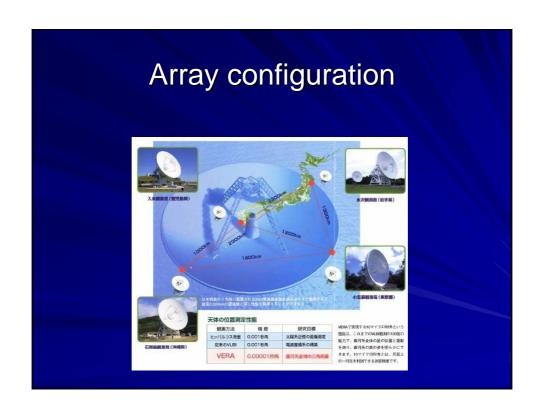
### Scientific goal

- Astrometry with 10 μ arcsec. accuracy between background object and galactic object within 2.2 degree separation
  - Proper motion and parallax measurements
    - 3D map and velocity field of the Galaxy
    - Detailed 3D velocity structure of molecular gas around evolved stars and star forming regions
- Phase referencing to improve sensitivity with long integration

## VERA scientific goal

- Measurements of distance and proper motions of galactic maser objects
- Dynamics of the Galaxy Maser object: luminous point-like objects
  - -> triangulation point of the Galaxy!





### **Specifications**

■ Antenna diameter ; 20m

– surface accuracy ; 250 μm

■ Observing bands ; 2GHz, 8GHz,

22GHz, 43GHz

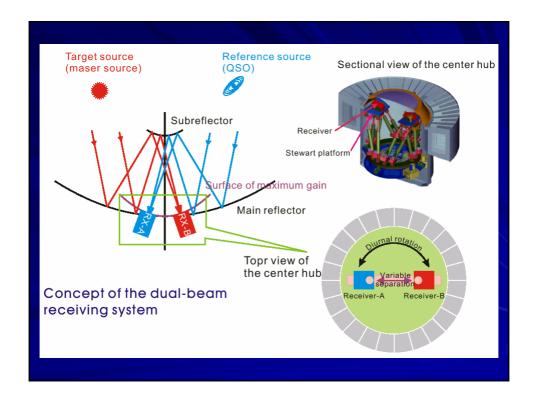
■ Tape recording rate ; 1Gbps

■ 2 beam system for phase referencing

■ Path error between 2 beam; 100 µ m



# 



# Radiator for 2 beam phase correction on the surface





# 現状の精度 (~50 µ 秒角)

■ = L/D L: 2B光路長誤差 D:ベースライン長 -> 0.1 mm => 10 μ 秒角

■ 短期変動要因 (ランダム誤差)

- 装置起因 : 0.1mm 以下 <10 μ 秒角</li>- 大気起因 : 0.1mm 以下 (2B光路長差換算) < 10 μ 秒角</li>

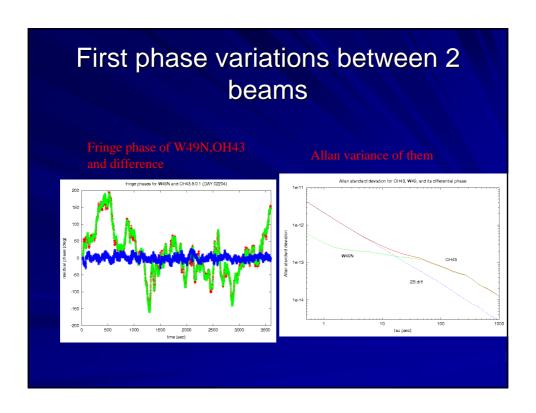
■ 長期変動要因 (システマテック誤差)

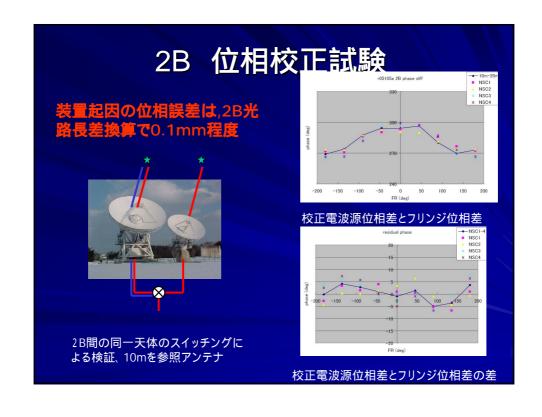
- 基線精度 : 10mm -> 0.3mm (2B光路長誤差@2度離角)

-> 30 µ 秒角

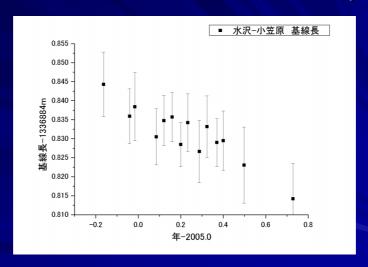
- 天頂大気遅延 : 50mm -> 0.5mm (2B光路長誤差@2度離角)

-> 50 µ秒角





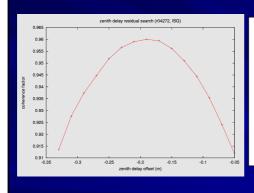
# 測地観測 (精度 5mm程度)

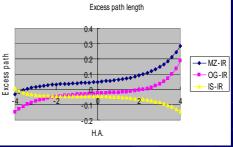


2004年10月より1Gbpsによる測地観測の定常化

# 天頂大気遅延の推定

天頂大気遅延の推定のための観測方法、解析ソフトの整備が必要

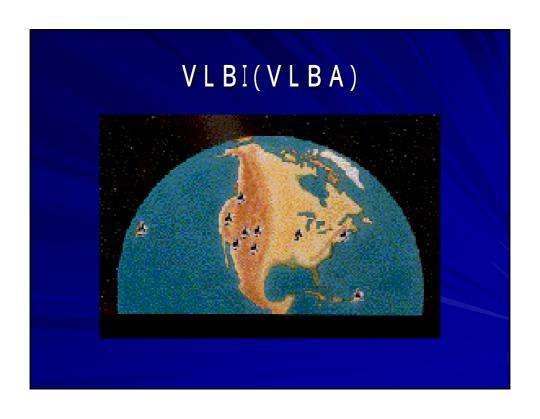


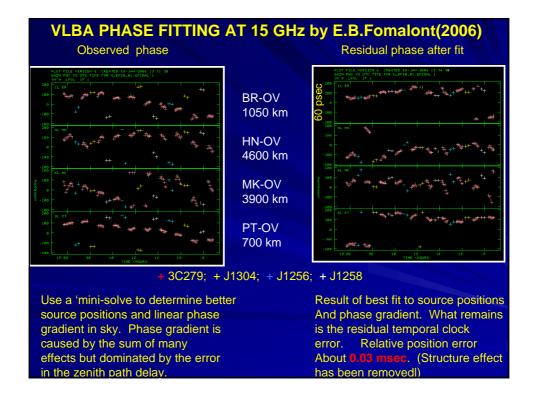


S269における天頂大気遅延の推定例

天頂大気遅延誤差10mmの時の2B光路 長差の誤差

-> 位置誤差換算で 0.1mm程度

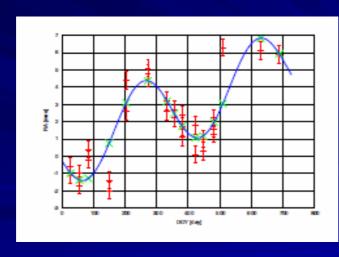




### VERAによる成果

- ■固有運動の検出
  - OH43.8, 須田、 など
- ■年周視差の検出
  - Orion KL, S269など
- 22GHz/43GHz マッピングの重ね合わせ
  - SiO(v=1,2)/H2O NML-Tauなど
- フリンジ検出サーベイ
  - 22 G H z H2O/Cont.
  - 43GHz SiO/Cont.
  - 22 GHz 銀河面Cont.

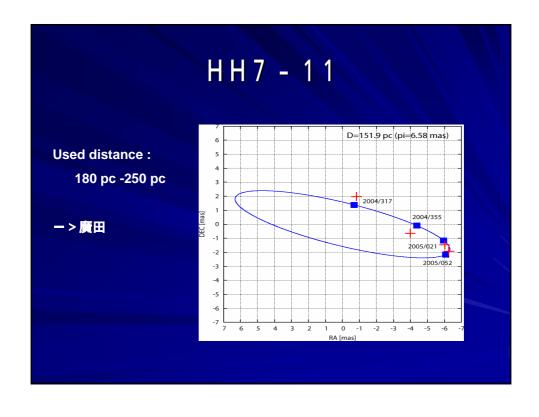
## 年周視差の検出(Orion-KL)



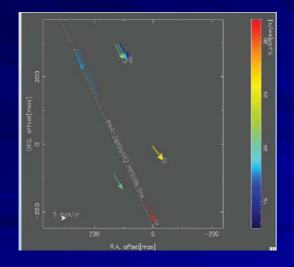
 $450pc \pm 40pc$ 

-> 廣田発表

# 年周視差の検出(S269) \*\*spot motion for V\_LSR = 19.5 km/s\*\* -> 本間発表



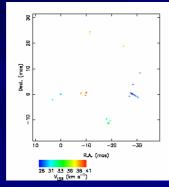
# 固有運動の検出(IRAS19181+1349)

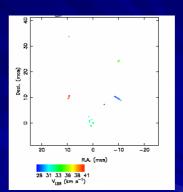


D = 9.4 kpc

-> 須田学位論文

# Comparison of SiO v = 1, 2

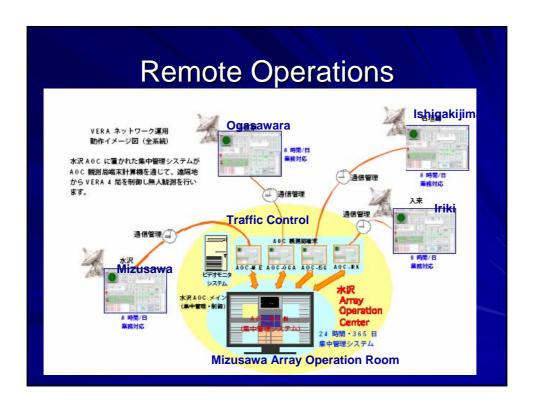


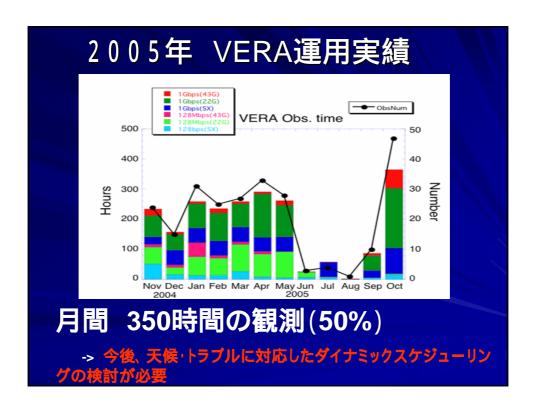


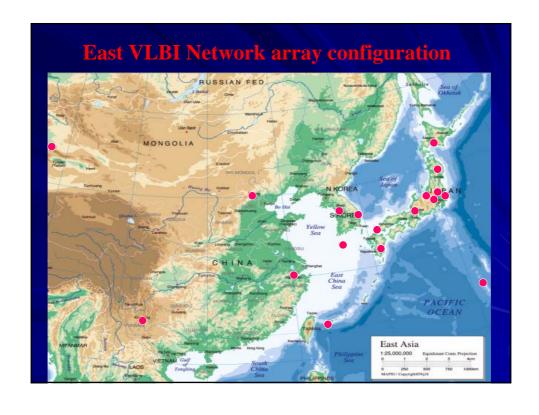
NML Tau SiO J=1->0 v=1 and v=2

D: 250 pc (鹿児島大、清水·松本)

VERA 3	プロジ	ェク	トの当	<b>á初</b> 子	定			
VERA future timeline								
	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Oscientific Goal								
a. Annual parallax and proper motion								
measurements (within 1kpc)		ı '	ı !	'	'	1 '		1
3D structure of nearbt Giant Molecular		=	$\longrightarrow$					
Period-luminosity relation of Mira variables				$\rightarrow$	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
b. Annual parallax and proper motion		, !	, !	'	'	1 '		1
measurements (within 3kpc)				'	'	1 '		1
Nearby galactic arm structure				→	•••••	••••		
outer rotation curve measurements	$\Box$			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	••••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • •
c. Annual parallax and proper motion				'	'	1 '		1
measurements (within 10kpc)		ı '	i '	'	'	1 '		1
distance and proper motion of SgrA*	•••••				$\longrightarrow$			• • • •
Galactic arm structures						ightharpoons	•••••	
OMeasurement accuracy			<u> </u>	<u> </u>		'		
100 µas	Δ					[ '		
30 µ as			Δ					
10 µas				Δ				
OStation position accuracy								
3mm	Δ					<u> </u>		
1mm			Δ					







### Feature of East Asia VLBI array

Dense station distribution total effective aperture :

5,600 m<sup>2</sup> @ 8 GHz 4,400 m<sup>2</sup> @ 22GHz

- Wide band observation
  - Wide band recording
  - Optical fiber link
- Phase referencing
  - VERA: 2 beam
  - KVN: multi-frequency
- VERA reference 天体の構造効果の補正 (VLBAも)

# 日韓共同開発による大規模VLBI相関器 July 7<sup>th</sup> @NAOJ 2008年完成目標 Park(KASSI)、Kaifu(NAOJ)

### Summary

- VERA is a unique VLBI array with 2-beam system
- System implementation was finished
- Usual operation (250 days,4,200 hours per year) was started
- Annual parallax may be detected, but the accuracy still must be investigated more.
- East Asia VLBI network is organizing with Japanese, Korean and Chinese stations.