

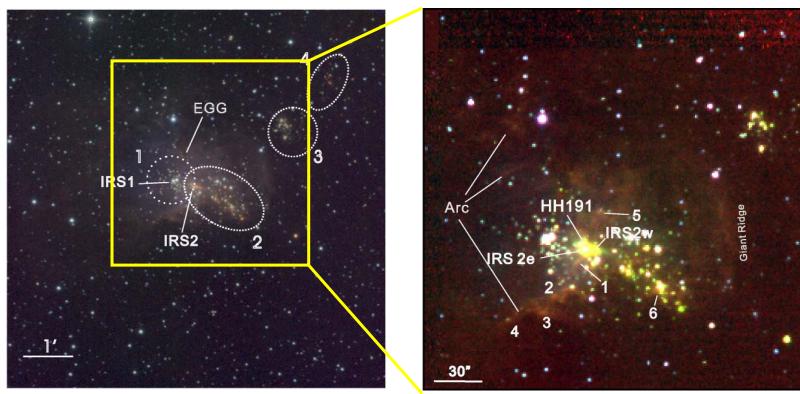
# VERAを用いたS269の位置天文計測

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## 赤外線で見た S269

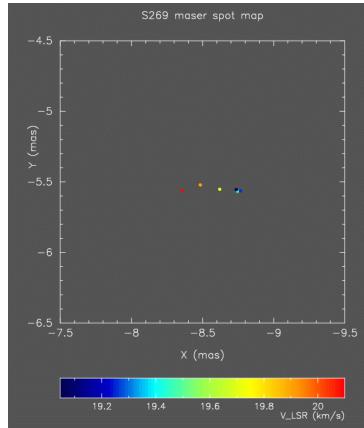
JHK images with IRSF of Nagoya Univ.  
(Jiang et al. 2003)



Hundreds of infrared sources (YSO)

## S269 水メーザー

- S269 : high-mass star forming regions toward anti-center, with  $\sim 200$  Jy H<sub>2</sub>O masers
- Paired with J0613+1305, 0.7 deg separation

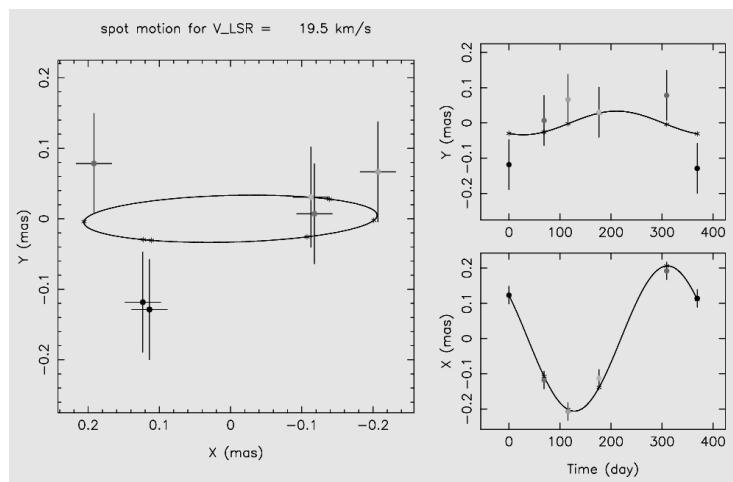


Maser map for r05073a  
Linear alignment in 0.4 mas scale  
Simple velocity gradient

Could it be related to accretion disk ? ([c.f. Monitor by Lehkt](#))

## 水メーザー位置の変化

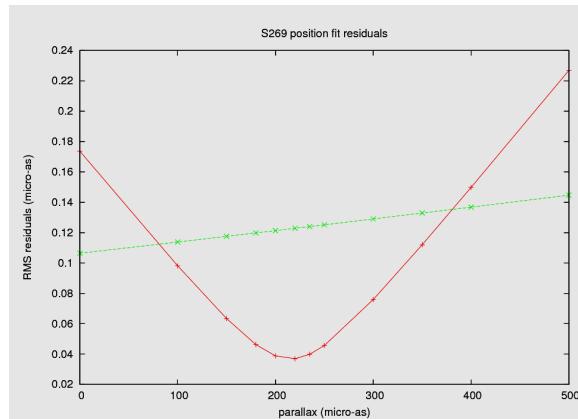
Spot position for 5 epoch spanning  $\sim 300$  days (since Nov 2004)



# S269 距離決定

- Parallax versus fitting residuals

RMS residual  
red : X  
green : Y

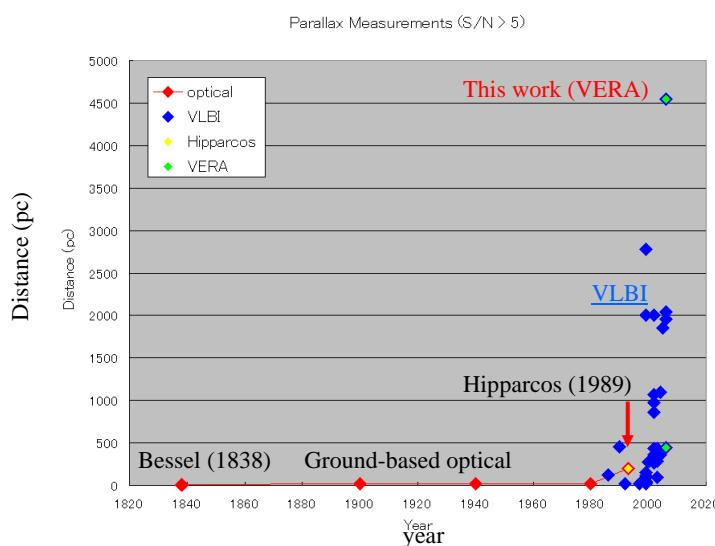


$$= 220 \text{ } \mu\text{as}, \quad D = 4.5 \text{ kpc} ! \text{ (c.f. commonly assumed : 4 kpc)}$$

年周視差の世界記録！！（最も遠い天体の直接測距）

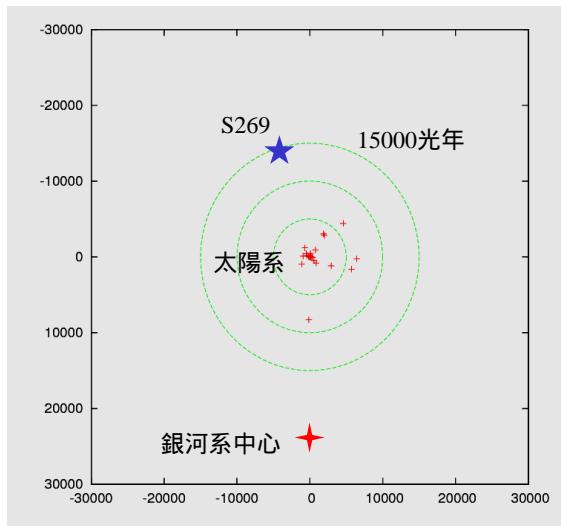
## 年周視差計測の歴史

- Parallax measurements since 1838 ( $S/N > 5$ )



## V L B I位置計測天体の銀河系内の分布

- 銀河面上での分布
- 単位:光年

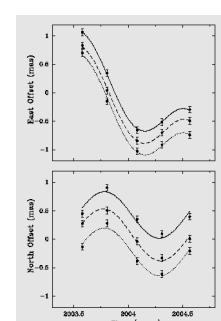
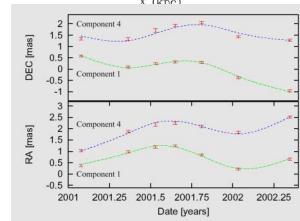
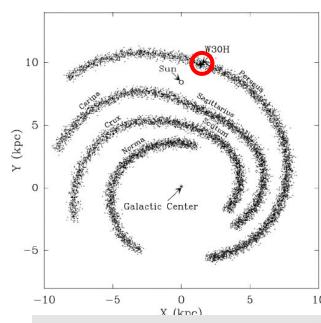
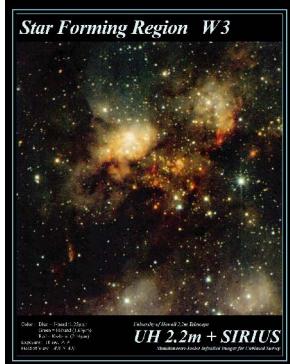


## まとめ

- S 2 6 9 の視差計測に成功  
視差計測の世界記録 (D ~ 4.5 kpc)
- VLBIによるKpcスケールの位置天文計測  
時代が到来

# W3OHの距離決定

Distances with methanol and H<sub>2</sub>O masers



Xu et al. (2006)

D = 1.95 +/- 0.04 kpc

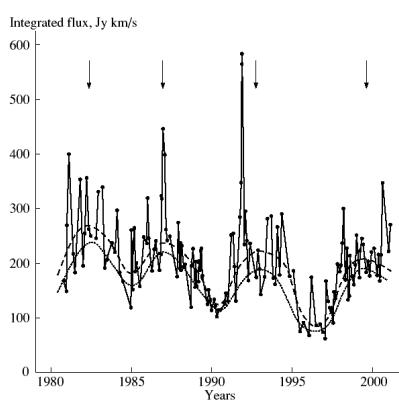
Hachisuka et al. (2006)

D = 2.04 +/- 0.07 kpc



# $\sim$ 20 year monitoring of S269

- Single dish H<sub>2</sub>O maser flux (1980-2001, Lehkt et al.)



Integrated flux

Periods of 5 ~ 6 years ?



Peak V\_LSR

Period of 26 year ?

